BEST AVAILABLE COPY

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

→ International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date 30 September 2004 (30.09.2004)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 2004/083591 A2

(51) International Patent Classification7:

E21B

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2004/008030

- (22) International Filing Date: 17 March 2004 (17.03.2004)
- (25) Filing Language: -

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data: 60/455,124

17 March 2003 (17.03.2003) US

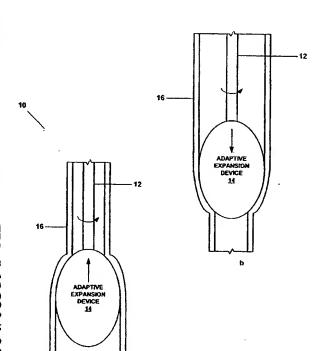
- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): ENVENTURE GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY [US/US]; 16200 A. Park Row, Houston, TX 77084 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): SHUSTER, Mark

[US/US]; 19115 Prospect Ridge Lane, Houston, TX 77094 (US). COSTA, Scott [US/US]; 2011 Willow Point, Kingwood, TX 77330 (US).

- (74) Agent: MATTINGLY, Todd; Haynes and Boone, LLP, Suite 3100, 901 Main Street, Dallas, TX 75202 (US).
- (81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.
- (84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW),

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR RADIALLY EXPANDING A WELLBORE CASING USING AN ADAPTIVE EXPANSION SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: An apparatus and method for radially expanding a wellbore using an adaptive expansion system.

WO 2004/083591 A2

and a second to the second definition of the second second second to the second second

Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, HE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Declaration under Rule 4.17:

- of inventorship (Rule 4.17(iv)) for US only

Published:

 without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

THE CONTROL OF THE CO

The second secon

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR RADIALLY EXPANDING A WELLBORE CASING USING AN ADAPTIVE EXPANSION SYSTEM

Cross Reference To Related Applications

[001] The present application claims the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,124, attorney docket no. 25791.241, filed on March 17, 2003, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

[002] The present application is related to the following: (1) U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (2) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/510.913, attorney docket no. 25791.7.02, filed on 2/23/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,702, filed on 2/25/99, (3) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on 2/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on 2/11/99, (4) U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791,9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (5) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/169,434, attorney docket no. 25791.10.04, filed on 7/1/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/183,546, filed on 2/18/00, (6) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791,11,02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (7) U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895. attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (8) U.S. patent number 6,575,240, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/511,941, attorney docket no. 25791.16.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,907, filed on 2/26/99, (9) U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (10) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/981,916, attorney docket no. 25791.18, filed on 10/18/01 as a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338. attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (11) U.S. patent number 6,604,763, which was filed as application serial no. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791,23.02, filed on 4/26/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on 4/26/99, (12) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/030,593, attorney docket no. 25791.25.08, filed on 1/8/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/146,203, filed on 7/29/99, (13) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/143,039, attorney docket no. 25791.26, filed

Market and the control of the contro

on 7/9/99, (14) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/111,982, attorney docket no. 25791.27.08, filed on 4/30/02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/162,671, attorney docket no. 25791.27, filed on 11/1/1999, (15) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/154,047, attorney docket no. 25791.29, filed on 9/16/1999, (16) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/438,828, attorney docket no. 25791.31, filed on 1/9/03, (17) U.S. patent number 6,564,875, which was filed as application serial no. 09/679,907, attorney docket no. 25791.34.02, on 10/5/00, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,082, attorney docket no. 25791.34, filed on 10/12/1999, (18) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/089,419, filed on 3/27/02, attorney docket no. 25791.36.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,039, attorney docket no. 25791.36, filed on 10/12/1999, (19) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/679,906, filed on 10/5/00, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on 10/12/1999, (20) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/303,992, filed on 11/22/02, attorney docket no. 25791.38.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/212,359, attorney docket no. 25791.38, filed on 6/19/2000, (21) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/165,228, attorney docket no. 25791.39, filed on 11/12/1999, (22) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,051, attorney docket no. 25791.40, filed on 3/14/03, (23) PCT application US02/2477, filed on 6/26/02, attorney docket no. 25791.44.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/303,711, attorney docket no. 25791.44, filed on 7/6/01, (24) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/311,412, filed on 12/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.45.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/221,443, attorney docket no. 25791.45, filed on 7/28/2000, (25) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/, filed on 12/18/02, attorney docket no. 25791.46.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/221,645, attorney docket no. 25791.46, filed on 7/28/2000, (26) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/322,947, filed on 1/22/03, attorney docket no. 25791.47.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/233,638, attorney docket no. 25791.47, filed on 9/18/2000, (27) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/406,648, filed on 3/31/03, attorney docket no. 25791.48.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/237,334, attorney docket no. 25791.48, filed on 10/2/2000, (28) PCT application US02/04353, filed on 2/14/02, attorney docket no. 25791.50.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/270,007, attorney docket no. 25791.50, filed on 2/20/2001, (29) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/465,835, filed on 6/13/03, attorney docket no. 25791.51.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/262,434, attorney docket no. 25791.51, filed on 1/17/2001, (30) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/465,831, filed on 6/13/03, attorney docket no. 25791.52.06,

which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/259,486, attorney docket no. 25791.52, filed on 1/3/2001, (31) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/452,303, filed on 3/5/03, attorney docket no. 25791.53, (32) U.S. patent number 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/850,093, filed on 5/7/01. attorney docket no. 25791,55, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289. which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (33) U.S. patent number 6,561,227, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/852,026, filed on 5/9/01, attorney docket no. 25791,56, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (34) U.S. patent application serial number 09/852,027, filed on 5/9/01, attorney docket no. 25791.57, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (35) PCT Application US02/25608, attorney docket no. 25791.58.02, filed on 8/13/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/318,021, filed on 9/7/01, attorney docket no. 25791.58, (36) PCT Application US02/24399, attorney docket no. 25791.59.02, filed on 8/1/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/313,453, attorney docket no. 25791.59, filed on 8/20/2001, (37) PCT Application US02/29856, attorney docket no. 25791.60.02, filed on 9/19/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/326,886, attorney docket no. 25791.60, filed on 10/3/2001, (38) PCT Application US02/20256, attorney docket no. 25791.61.02, filed on 6/26/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/303,740, attorney docket no. 25791.61, filed on 7/6/2001, (39) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,469, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.62, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (40) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,470, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.63, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99. (41) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,471, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.64, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (42) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,467, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.65, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application senal

ARRESTER COLOR SERVICE DE COMPANIO DE COMP

no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (43) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,468, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.66, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (44) PCT application US 02/25727, filed on 8/14/02, attorney docket no. 25791.67.03, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/317,985, attorney docket no. 25791.67, filed on 9/6/2001, and U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/318,386, attorney docket no. 25791.67.02, filed on 9/10/2001, (45) PCT application US 02/39425, filed on 12/10/02, attorney docket no. 25791.68.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/343.674, attorney docket no. 25791.68. filed on 12/27/2001, (46) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (47) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 10/516,467, attorney docket no. 25791.70, filed on 12/10/01, which is a continuation application of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (48) PCT application US 03/00609, filed on 1/9/03, attorney docket no. 25791.71.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/357,372, attorney docket no. 25791.71, filed on 2/15/02, (49) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/074,703, attorney docket no. 25791.74, filed on 2/12/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (50) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/074,244, attorney docket no. 25791.75, filed on 2/12/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (51) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,660. attorney docket no. 25791.76, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (52) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,661, attorney docket no. 25791.77, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number

6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (53) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,659, attorney docket no. 25791.78, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (54) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,928, attorney docket no. 25791.79, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (55) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,922, attorney docket no. 25791.80, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (56) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,921, attorney docket no. 25791.81, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99; (57) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,928, attorney docket no. 25791.82, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (58) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/079,276, attorney docket no. 25791.83, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (59) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/262,009, attorney docket no. 25791.84, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (60) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/092,481, attorney docket no. 25791.85, filed on 3/7/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (61) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,926, attorney docket no. 25791.86, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional

The second all collections and the substantial and the substantial

application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (62) PCT application US 02/36157, filed on 11/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.87.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/338,996, attorney docket no. 25791.87, filed on 11/12/01, (63) PCT application US 02/36267, filed on 11/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.88.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/339,013, attorney docket no. 25791.88, filed on 11/12/01, (64) PCT application US 03/11765, filed on 4/16/03, attorney docket no. 25791.89.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/383,917, attorney docket no. 25791.89, filed on 5/29/02, (65) PCT application US 03/15020, filed on 5/12/03, attorney docket no. 25791.90.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/391,703, attorney docket no. 25791.90, filed on 6/26/02, (66) PCT application US 02/39418, filed on 12/10/02, attorney docket no. 25791.92.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/346,309, attorney docket no. 25791.92, filed on 1/7/02, (67) PCT application US 03/06544, filed on 3/4/03, attorney docket no. 25791.93.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/372,048, attorney docket no. 25791.93, filed on 4/12/02, (68) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/331,718, attorney docket no. 25791.94, filed on 12/30/02, which is a divisional U.S. patent application serial no. 09/679,906, filed on 10/5/00, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on 10/12/1999, (69) PCT application US 03/04837, filed on 2/29/03, attorney docket no. 25791.95.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/363,829, attorney docket no. 25791.95, filed on 3/13/02, (70) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,927, attorney docket no. 25791.97, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (71) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/262,008, attorney docket no. 25791.98, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (72) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,925, attorney docket no. 25791.99, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (73) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/199,524, attorney docket no. 25791.100, filed on 7/19/02, which is a continuation of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (74) PCT application US

and the first and the association of the contraction of the contractio

03/10144, filed on 3/28/03, attorney docket no. 25791.101.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/372,632, attorney docket no. 25791.101, filed on 4/15/02, (75) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,542, attorney docket no. 25791.102, filed on 9/20/02, (76) PCT application US 03/14153, filed on 5/6/03, attorney docket no. 25791.104.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/380,147, attorney docket no. 25791.104, filed on 5/6/02, (77) PCT application US 03/19993, filed on 6/24/03, attorney docket no. 25791.106.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/397,284, attorney docket no. 25791,106, filed on 7/19/02, (78) PCT application US 03/13787, filed on 5/5/03, attorney docket no. 25791.107.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/387,486, attorney docket no. 25791.107, filed on 6/10/02, (79) PCT application US 03/18530, filed on 6/11/03, attorney docket no. 25791.108.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/387,961, attorney docket no. 25791.108, filed on 6/12/02, (80) PCT application US 03/20694, filed on 7/1/03, attorney docket no. 25791.110.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/398,061, attorney docket no. 25791.110, filed on 7/24/02, (81) PCT application US 03/20870, filed on 7/2/03, attorney docket no. 25791.111.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/399,240, attorney docket no. 25791.111, filed on 7/29/02. (82) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,487, attorney docket no. 25791.112, filed on 9/20/02, (83) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,488, attorney docket no. 25791.114, filed on 9/20/02, (84) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/280,356, attorney docket no. 25791.115, filed on 10/25/02, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/850,093, filed on 5/7/01, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (85) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,177, attorney docket no. 25791.117, filed on 9/20/02, (86) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,653, attorney docket no. 25791.118, filed on 9/20/02, (87) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/405,610, attorney docket no. 25791.119, filed on 8/23/02, (88) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/405,394, attorney docket no. 25791.120, filed on 8/23/02, (89) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,544, attorney docket no: 25791.121, filed on 9/20/02, (90) PCT application US 03/24779, filed on 8/8/03, attorney docket no. 25791.125.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/407,442, attorney docket no. 25791.125, filed on 8/30/02, (91) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/423,363, attorney docket no. 25791.126, filed on 12/10/02, (92) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,196, attorney docket no.

25791.127, filed on 9/20/02, (93) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,187, attorney docket no. 25791.128, filed on 9/20/02, (94) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,371, attorney docket no. 25791.129, filed on 9/20/02, (95) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/382,325, attorney docket no. 25791.145, filed on 3/5/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (96) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/624,842, attorney docket no. 25791.151, filed on 7/22/03, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on 2/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on 2/11/99, (97) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/431,184, attorney docket no. 25791.157, filed on 12/5/02, (98) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/448,526, attorney docket no. 25791.185, filed on 2/18/03, (99) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,539, attorney docket no. 25791.186, filed on 4/9/03, (100) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/462,750, attorney docket no. 25791.193, filed on 4/14/03, (101) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/436,106, attorney docket no. 25791.200, filed on 12/23/02, (102) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/442,942, attorney docket no. 25791.213, filed on 1/27/03, (103) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/442,938, attorney docket no. 25791.225, filed on 1/27/03, (104) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/418,687, attorney docket no. 25791.228, filed on 4/18/03, (105) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/454,896, attorney docket no. 25791.236, filed on 3/14/03, (106) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/450,504, attorney docket no. 25791.238, filed on 2/26/03, (107) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/451,152, attorney docket no. 25791.239, filed on 3/9/03, (108) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,124, attorney docket no. 25791.241, filed on 3/17/03, (109) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/453,678, attorney docket no. 25791,253, filed on 3/11/03, (110) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/421,682, attorney docket no. 25791.256, filed on 4/23/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (111) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/457,965, attorney docket no. 25791.260, filed on 3/27/03, (112) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,718, attorney docket no. 25791.262, filed on 3/18/03, (113) U.S. patent number 6,550,821, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/811,734, filed on 3/19/01, (114) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/436,467, attorney docket no. 25791.268, filed on 5/12/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,604,763, which was filed as application serial no. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791,23.02, filed on 4/26/2000, which claims priority from provisional application

alam utahan 1998 kecalah dalam kerada 1906 kelajah darah kebahan beradah dalah dalah berada dalam dalah kebahan

60/131,106, filed on 4/26/99, (115) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/459,776, attorney docket no. 25791.270, filed on 4/2/03, (116) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,094, attorney docket no. 25791.272, filed on 4/8/03, (117) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,038, attorney docket no. 25791,273, filed on 4/7/03, (118) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/463,586, attorney docket no. 25791.277, filed on 4/17/03, (119) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/472,240, attorney docket no. 25791.286, filed on 5/20/03, (120) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/619,285, attorney docket no. 25791.292, filed on 7/14/03, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (121) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 10/418,688, attorney docket no. 25791.257, which was filed on 4/18/03, as a division of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (122) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04_____, attorney docket no. 25791.238.02, filed on 2/26/04, (123) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04/ _____ attorney docket no. 25791.40.02, filed on 3/15/04, (124) PCT patent application serial no. , attorney docket no. 25791.236.02, filed on 3/15/04, and (125) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/______, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on 3/11/2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Background of the Invention

[003] This invention relates generally to oil and gas exploration, and in particular to forming and repairing wellbore casings to facilitate oil and gas exploration.

[004] Conventionally, when a wellbore is created, a number of casings are installed in the borehole to prevent collapse of the borehole wall and to prevent undesired outflow of drilling fluid into the formation or inflow of fluid from the formation into the borehole. The borehole is drilled in intervals whereby a casing which is to be installed in a lower borehole interval is lowered through a previously installed casing of an upper borehole interval. As a consequence of this procedure the casing of the lower interval is of smaller diameter than the casing of the upper interval. Thus, the casings are in a nested arrangement with casing diameters decreasing in downward direction. Cement annuli are provided between the outer surfaces of the casings and the borehole wall to seal the casings from the borehole wall. As a consequence of this nested arrangement a relatively large borehole diameter is required at the upper part of the wellbore. Such a large borehole diameter involves increased costs due

Contract of the contract of the second of th

to heavy casing handling equipment, large drill bits and increased volumes of drilling fluid and drill cuttings. Moreover, increased drilling rig time is involved due to required cement pumping, cement hardening, required equipment changes due to large variations in hole diameters drilled in the course of the well, and the large volume of cuttings drilled and removed.

[005] The present invention is directed to overcoming one or more of the limitations of the existing procedures for forming and/or repairing wellbore casings.

Summary of the Invention

[006] According to one aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; one or more adjustable spring elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments; one or more adjustable damping elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; a controller operably coupled to the adjustable spring elements, the adjustable damping elements, and the sensors, and a user interface operably coupled to the controller for receiving user inputs; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a spring rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements, and a damping rate of one or more of the damping elements as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors and the user inputs.

[007] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[008] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic

deformation of the tubular member, and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member. [009] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a frequency characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors. [0010] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

The state of the s

The second of th

[0011] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0012] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming overlapping ends of first and second tubular members is provided that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the

Ministration in the second sec

support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the overlapping ends of the tubular members to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the overlapping ends of the tubular member; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members by one or more of the sensors.

[0013] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular members; radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members. [0014] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular members; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and means for, as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members.

[0015] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming first and second tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection is provided that includes a support member; and an

House the state of the state of

adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the threaded connection; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the threaded connection by one or more of the sensors.

[0016] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection; radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and as a function of the sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection. [0017] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive

[0018] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation is provided that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device

expansion device; means for sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and means for, as a function of the sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic

deformation of the threaded connection.

resultation in the control of the co

segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member and elastically deform the subterranean formation; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the subterranean formation by one or more of the sensors.

[0019] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and as a function of the sensing of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.

下送 卷 雅蘭

[0020] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.

[0021] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure

coupled to the support member; and one or more expansion device segments coupled to the support structure for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; one or more sensors for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; and wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more of the operational characteristics of one or more the expansion device segments as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors.

[0022] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0023] According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore is provided that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0024] Figs. 1a and 1b are fragmentary cross sectional illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of an adaptive system for radially expanding a tubular member.

[0025] Fig. 2 is a schematic illustration of an exemplary embodiment of the adaptive expansion device of the system of Figs. 1a and 1b.

[0026] Figs. 3a-3c are fragmentary cross sectional illustrations of exemplary embodiments of the operation of the adaptive system of Figs. 1a and 1b.

Detailed Description of the Illustrative Embodiments

[0027] Referring to Figs. 1a, 1b, and 2, an adaptive system 10 for radially expanding a tubular member includes a support member 12 and an adaptive expansion device 14. In several exemplary embodiments, the system 10 may be used to radially expand and plastically deform a tubular member 16 by displacing the expansion device 14 in the longitudinal direction and/or by rotating the expansion device relative to the tubular member.

The specification of the specific of the speci

[0028] In an exemplary embodiment, the adaptive expansion device 14 includes one or more expansion device segments 18 for engaging, and thereby radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member 16, that are coupled to an expansion device support structure 20 by one or more conventional adjustable spring elements 22 and one or more conventional adjustable damping elements 24. In several exemplary embodiments, the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or the adjustable damping elements 24 are be provided as disclosed in one or more of the following: 1) U.S. Patent No. 6,431,284, 2) U.S. Patent No. 6,390,956, 3) U.S. Patent No. 6,296,533, 4) U.S. Patent No. 6,237,889, 5) U.S. Patent No. 6,220,089, 6) U.S. Patent No. 6,159,289, 7) U.S. Patent No. 6,105,988, 8) U.S. Patent No. 6,065,741, 9) U.S. Patent No. 6,062,324, 10) U.S. Patent No. 6,035,954, 11) U.S. Patent No. 5,947,458, 12) U.S. Patent No. 5,875,567, 13) U.S. Patent No. 5,713,088, 14) U.S. Patent No. 5,603,574, 15) U.S. Patent No. 5,364,565, 16) 5,531,522, 17) U.S. Patent No. 5,464,197, 18) U.S. Patent No. 5,421,655, 19) U.S. Patent No. 5,201,392, 20) U.S. Patent No. 5,169,129, 21) U.S. Patent No. 5,005,820, 22) U.S. Patent No. 4,984,632, 23) U.S. Patent No. 4,862,995, 24) U.S. Patent No. 4,789,343, 25) U.S. Patent No. 4,657,280, 26) U.S. Patent No. 4,624,477, 27) U.S. Patent No. 4,575,058, 28) U.S. Patent No. 4,566,717, 29) U.S. Patent No. 4,509,403, 30) U.S. Patent No. 4,277,045, and/or 31) U.S. Patent No. 4,071,104, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference. [0029] In several exemplary embodiments, the expansion device segments 18 include, for example, segments of a conventional expansion cone and/or conventional roller expansion elements and/or conventional hydro-forming elements. The expansion device support structure 20 is also coupled to the support member 12. The adjustable spring and damping elements, 22 and 24, are also operably coupled to a controller 26, and one or more sensors 28 are also operably coupled to the controller 26 for reasons to be described. A user interface 28 may also be provided that is operably coupled to the controller 26. In several exemplary embodiments, the controller 26 includes analog, digital, electronic, and/or hydraulic control elements that may or may not be positioned within the adaptive expansion device 14. In several alternative embodiments, the user interface 28 may include a conventional keyboard input device and/or a conventional display device and/or a conventional communication channel for linking the user interface to the controller 26. [0030] In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the system 10, the controller 26 is programmed to adjust the spring rate of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or the damping rate of the adjustable damping elements 24 as a function of one or more operating conditions that are sensed by the sensors 28. In several exemplary embodiments, the sensed operating conditions may include the reaction forces of the tubular member 16, the operating pressure of fluidic materials within the system 10 and/or the tubular member, the

rotational speed of the system, the longitudinal speed of the system, and/or one or more user defined inputs to the controller 26 provided via the user interface 28.

A CONTROL OF THE CONT

[0031] In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the sensors 28 includes a conventional strain gauge that senses the reaction force of the tubular member 16 during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the system 10. In an exemplary embodiment, increases in the sensed reaction force causes the controller 26 to increase or decrease the spring rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 thereby increasing or decreasing the stiffness of the corresponding expansion device segments 18. In this manner, the forces applied to the tubular member 16 may be increased or decreased for example, to provide increased or decreased radial expansion forces as a function of the sensed reaction forces.

[0032] In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the sensors 28 includes a conventional pressure sensor that senses the operating pressures of fluidic materials within the system 10 and/or the tubular member 16 during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the system 10. In an exemplary embodiment, the value of the sensed operating pressure causes the controller 26 to increase or decrease the spring rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 thereby increasing or decreasing the stiffness of the corresponding expansion device segments 18. In this manner, the forces applied to the tubular member 16 may be increased or decreased for example, to provide increased or decreased radial expansion forces as a function of the sensed operating pressures. [0033] In an exemplary embodiment, the controller 26 is programmed to adaptively adjust the spring rates of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or the damping rate of one or more of the adjustable damping elements 24 to control the frequency response of one or more of the corresponding expansion device segments to provide, for example, an underdamped, a critically damped, or an overdamped frequency response. In this manner, the system 10 can provide an adaptive expansion system having user defined operational characteristics that may vary as a function of one or more sensed operating conditions. [0034] Referring to Fig. 3a, in an exemplary embodiment, the system 10 is used to radially expand and plastically deform the overlapping ends of tubular members, 16 and 30. In an exemplary embodiment, during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, 16 and 30, the reaction forces of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, 16 and 30, are sensed by one or more of the sensors 28, and, if the sensed reaction forces increase, the spring rates of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 of the adaptive expansion device 14 are increased to thereby increase the radial expansion forces applied to the overlapping ends of the tubular members. In this manner, the system 10 can controllably adjust the radial expansion forces applied to overlapping tubulars thereby enhancing the radial expansion process. In an alternative

The Control of the Co

embodiment, the location of the overlapped ends of the tubular members, 16 and 30, may be input into the controller 26 using the user interface 28 to control the initiation of the adjustment of the spring rates of the adjustable spring elements 22 in combination with, or in the alternative to, the sensing of the reaction forces described above.

[0035] Referring to Fig. 3b, in an exemplary embodiment, the system 10 is used to radially expand and plastically deform a tubular member 16 that includes first and second tubular members, 16a and 16b, coupled to one another by a threaded connection 32. In an exemplary embodiment, during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection 32, the reaction forces of the threaded connection are sensed by one or more of the sensors 28, and, the spring rates and/or the damping rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or adjustable damping elements 24 of the adaptive expansion device 14 are adjusted to thereby minimize damage to the integrity of the threaded connection during the radial expansion process. For example, the spring rates one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 may be reduced to minimize damage to the integrity of the threaded connection 32 during the radial expansion process and/or the damping rates of one or more of the adjustable damping elements 24 may be increased to minimize shock loading of the threaded connection during the radial expansion process. In an alternative embodiment, the location of the threaded connection 32 may be input into the controller 26 using the user interface 28 to control the initiation of the adjustment of the spring rates and/or damping rates of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or damping elements 24 in combination with, or in the alternative to, the sensing of the reaction forces described above.

ののことの大変においる

[0036] Referring to Fig. 3c, in an exemplary embodiment, the system 10 is used to radially expand and elastically deform a subterranean formation 34 during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member 16. In an exemplary embodiment, during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member 16 against the subterranean formation 34, the reaction forces of the formation 34 are sensed by one or more of the sensors 28, and the spring rates of one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 of the adaptive expansion device 14 are increased to thereby increase the radial expansion forces applied to the formation. In this manner, the system 10 can controllably adjust the radial expansion forces applied to the formation 34 surrounding the tubular member 16 during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member. In an alternative embodiment, the location of the formation 34 may be input into the controller 26 using the user interface 28 to control the initiation of the adjustment of the spring rates of the adjustable spring elements 22 in combination with, or in the alternative to, the sensing of the reaction forces described above.

PCT/US2004/008030 WO 2004/083591

A STATE OF THE STA

[0037] In several alternative embodiments, the exemplary embodiments of the present disclosure are implemented using the methods and/or apparatus disclosed one or more of the following: (1) U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (2) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/510,913, attorney docket no. 25791.7.02, filed on 2/23/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,702, filed on 2/25/99, (3) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on 2/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on 2/11/99, (4) U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (5) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/169,434, attorney docket no. 25791.10.04, filed on 7/1/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/183,546, filed on 2/18/00, (6) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (7) U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (8) U.S. patent number 6,575,240, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/511,941, attorney docket no. 25791.16.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,907, filed on 2/26/99, (9) U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (10) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/981,916, attorney docket no. 25791.18, filed on 10/18/01 as a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (11) U.S. patent number 6,604,763, which was filed as application serial no. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791.23.02, filed on 4/26/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on 4/26/99, (12) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/030,593, attorney docket no. 25791.25.08, filed on 1/8/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/146,203, filed on 7/29/99, (13) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/143,039, attorney docket no. 25791.26, filed on 7/9/99, (14) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/111,982, attorney docket no. 25791.27.08, filed on 4/30/02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/162,671, attorney docket no. 25791.27, filed on 11/1/1999, (15) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/154,047, attorney docket no. 25791.29, filed on 9/16/1999, (16) U.S. provisional patent application

Propriet Control of the Control of t

serial no. 60/438,828, attorney docket no. 25791.31, filed on 1/9/03, (17) U.S. patent number 6,564,875, which was filed as application serial no. 09/679,907, attorney docket no. 25791.34.02, on 10/5/00, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,082, attorney docket no. 25791.34, filed on 10/12/1999, (18) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/089,419, filed on 3/27/02, attorney docket no. 25791.36.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,039, attorney docket no. 25791.36, filed on 10/12/1999, (19) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/679,906, filed on 10/5/00, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on 10/12/1999, (20) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/303,992, filed on 11/22/02, attorney docket no. 25791.38.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/212,359. attorney docket no. 25791.38, filed on 6/19/2000, (21) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/165,228, attorney docket no. 25791.39, filed on 11/12/1999, (22) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,051, attorney docket no. 25791.40, filed on 3/14/03, (23) PCT application US02/2477, filed on 6/26/02, attorney docket no. 25791.44.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/303,711, attorney docket no. 25791.44, filed on 7/6/01, (24) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/311,412, filed on 12/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.45.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/221,443, attorney docket no. 25791.45, filed on 7/28/2000, (25) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/, filed on 12/18/02, attorney docket no. 25791.46.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/221,645, attorney docket no. 25791.46, filed on 7/28/2000, (26) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/322,947, filed on 1/22/03, attorney docket no. 25791.47.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/233,638, attorney docket no. 25791.47, filed on 9/18/2000, (27) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/406,648, filed on 3/31/03, attorney docket no. 25791.48.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/237,334, attorney docket no. 25791.48, filed on 10/2/2000, (28) PCT application US02/04353, filed on 2/14/02, attorney docket no. 25791.50.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent . application serial no. 60/270,007, attorney docket no. 25791.50, filed on 2/20/2001, (29) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/465,835, filed on 6/13/03, attorney docket no. 25791.51.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/262,434, attorney docket no. 25791.51, filed on 1/17/2001, (30) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/465,831, filed on 6/13/03, attorney docket no. 25791.52.06, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/259,486, attorney docket no. 25791.52, filed on 1/3/2001, (31) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/452,303, filed on 3/5/03, attorney docket no. 25791.53, (32) U.S. patent number 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/850,093, filed on 5/7/01, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a

and the first thank the control of t

divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (33) U.S. patent number 6,561,227, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/852,026, filed on 5/9/01, attorney docket no. 25791.56, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (34) U.S. patent application serial number 09/852,027, filed on 5/9/01, attorney docket no. 25791.57, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (35) PCT Application US02/25608, attorney docket no. 25791.58.02, filed on 8/13/02, which claims priority from provisional application 60/318,021, filed on 9/7/01, attorney docket no. 25791.58, (36) PCT Application US02/24399, attorney docket no. 25791.59.02, filed on 8/1/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/313,453, attorney docket no. 25791.59, filed on 8/20/2001, (37) PCT Application US02/29856, attorney docket no. 25791.60.02, filed on 9/19/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/326,886, attorney docket no. 25791.60, filed on 10/3/2001, (38) PCT Application US02/20256, attorney docket no. 25791.61.02, filed on 6/26/02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/303,740, attorney docket no. 25791.61, filed on 7/6/2001, (39) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,469, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.62, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (40) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,470, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.63, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (41) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,471, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.64, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (42) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,467, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.65, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (43) U.S. patent application serial no. 09/962,468, filed on 9/25/01, attorney docket no. 25791.66, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application

Maria tiller fra förste State British i State och state i State blade och state britis i state blade och state

60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (44) PCT application US 02/25727, filed on 8/14/02, attorney docket no. 25791.67.03, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/317,985, attorney docket no. 25791.67, filed on 9/6/2001, and U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/318,386, attorney docket no. 25791.67.02, filed on 9/10/2001, (45) PCT application US 02/39425, filed on 12/10/02, attorney docket no. 25791.68.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/343,674, attorney docket no. 25791.68, filed on 12/27/2001, (46) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (47) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 10/516,467, attorney docket no. 25791.70, filed on 12/10/01, which is a continuation application of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (48) PCT application US 03/00609, filed on 1/9/03, attorney docket no. 25791.71.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/357,372, attorney docket no. 25791.71, filed on 2/15/02, (49) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/074,703, attorney docket no. 25791.74, filed on 2/12/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (50) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/074,244, attorney docket no. 25791.75, filed on 2/12/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (51) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,660, attorney docket no. 25791.76, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (52) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,661, attorney docket no. 25791.77, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (53) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/076,659, attorney docket no. 25791.78, filed on 2/15/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no.

PCT/US2004/008030 WO 2004/083591

de la company de la company

25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (54) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,928, attorney docket no. 25791.79, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (55) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,922, attorney docket no. 25791.80, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which daims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (56) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/078,921, attorney docket no. 25791.81, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (57) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,928, attorney docket no. 25791.82, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (58) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/079,276, attorney docket no. 25791.83, filed on 2/20/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (59) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/262,009, attorney docket no. 25791.84, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (60) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/092,481, attorney docket no. 25791.85, filed on 3/7/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on 2/26/99, (61) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,926, attorney docket no. 25791.86, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (62) PCT application US 02/36157, filed on 11/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.87.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/338,996, attorney docket no. 25791.87, filed on 11/12/01, (63) PCT application US 02/36267, filed on 11/12/02, attorney docket no. 25791.88.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/339,013, attorney docket no.

25791.88, filed on 11/12/01, (64) PCT application US 03/11765, filed on 4/16/03, attorney docket no. 25791.89.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/383,917, attorney docket no. 25791.89, filed on 5/29/02, (65) PCT application US 03/15020, filed on 5/12/03, attorney docket no. 25791.90.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/391,703, attorney docket no. 25791.90, filed on 6/26/02, (66) PCT application US 02/39418, filed on 12/10/02, attorney docket no. 25791.92.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/346,309, attorney docket no. 25791.92, filed on 1/7/02, (67) PCT application US 03/06544, filed on 3/4/03, attorney docket no. 25791.93.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/372,048, attorney docket no. 25791.93, filed on 4/12/02, (68) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/331,718, attorney docket no. 25791.94, filed on 12/30/02, which is a divisional U.S. patent application serial no. 09/679,906, filed on 10/5/00, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application serial no. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on 10/12/1999, (69) PCT application US 03/04837, filed on 2/29/03, attorney docket no. 25791.95.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/363,829, attorney docket no. 25791.95, filed on 3/13/02, (70) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,927, attorney docket no. 25791.97, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6.557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (71) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/262,008, attorney docket no. 25791.98, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (72) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/261,925, attorney docket no. 25791.99, filed on 10/1/02, which is a divisional of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (73) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/199,524, attorney docket no. 25791.100, filed on 7/19/02, which is a continuation of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (74) PCT application US 03/10144, filed on 3/28/03, attorney docket no. 25791.101.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/372,632, attorney docket no. 25791.101, filed on 4/15/02, (75) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,542, attorney docket no. 25791.102, filed on 9/20/02, (76) PCT application US 03/14153, filed on 5/6/03, attorney docket no. 25791.104.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent

And the second of the second o

application serial no. 60/380,147, attorney docket no. 25791.104, filed on 5/6/02, (77) PCT application US 03/19993, filed on 6/24/03, attorney docket no. 25791.106.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/397,284, attorney docket no. 25791.106, filed on 7/19/02, (78) PCT application US 03/13787, filed on 5/5/03, attorney docket no. 25791.107.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/387,486, attorney docket no. 25791.107, filed on 6/10/02, (79) PCT application US 03/18530, filed on 6/11/03, attorney docket no. 25791.108.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/387,961, attorney docket no. 25791.108, filed on 6/12/02, (80) PCT application US 03/20694, filed on 7/1/03, attorney docket no. 25791.110.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/398,061, attorney docket no. 25791.110, filed on 7/24/02, (81) PCT application US 03/20870, filed on 7/2/03, attorney docket no. 25791.111.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/399,240, attorney docket no. 25791.111, filed on 7/29/02, (82) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,487, attorney docket no. 25791.112, filed on 9/20/02, (83) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,488, attorney docket no. 25791.114, filed on 9/20/02, (84) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/280,356, attorney docket no. 25791.115, filed on 10/25/02, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application serial number 09/850,093, filed on 5/7/01, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Patent Number 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial no. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on 12/3/1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on 12/7/98, (85) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,177, attorney docket no. 25791.117, filed on 9/20/02, (86) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,653, attorney docket no. 25791.118, filed on 9/20/02, (87) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/405,610, attorney docket no. 25791.119, filed on 8/23/02, (88) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/405,394, attorney docket no. 25791.120, filed on 8/23/02, (89) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,544, attorney docket no. 25791.121, filed on 9/20/02, (90) PCT application US 03/24779, filed on 8/8/03, attorney docket no. 25791.125.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/407,442, attorney docket no. 25791.125, filed on 8/30/02, (91) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/423,363, attorney docket no. 25791.126, filed on 12/10/02, (92) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,196, attorney docket no. 25791.127, filed on 9/20/02, (93) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,187, attorney docket no. 25791.128, filed on 9/20/02, (94) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/412,371, attorney docket no. 25791.129, filed on 9/20/02, (95) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/382,325, attorney docket no. 25791.145, filed on 3/5/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application serial

The Control of the Co

no. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on 6/7/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on 6/7/99, (96) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/624,842, attorney docket no. 25791.151, filed on 7/22/03, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on 2/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119.611, filed on 2/11/99, (97) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/431, 184, attorney docket no. 25791.157, filed on 12/5/02, (98) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/448,526, attorney docket no. 25791.185, filed on 2/18/03, (99) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,539, attorney docket no. 25791.186, filed on 4/9/03, (100) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/462,750, attorney docket no. 25791.193, filed on 4/14/03, (101) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/436,106, attorney docket no. 25791.200, filed on 12/23/02, (102) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/442,942, attorney docket no. 25791.213, filed on 1/27/03, (103) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/442,938, attorney docket no. 25791.225, filed on 1/27/03, (104) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/418,687, attorney docket no. 25791.228, filed on 4/18/03, (105) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/454,896, attorney docket no. 25791.236, filed on 3/14/03, (106) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/450,504, attorney docket no. 25791.238, filed on 2/26/03, (107) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/451,152, attorney docket no. 25791.239, filed on 3/9/03, (108) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,124, attorney docket no. 25791.241, filed on 3/17/03, (109) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/453,678, attorney docket no. 25791.253, filed on 3/11/03, (110) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/421,682, attorney docket no. 25791.256, filed on 4/23/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (111) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/457,965, attorney docket no. 25791.260, filed on 3/27/03, (112) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/455,718, attorney docket no. 25791.262, filed on 3/18/03, (113) U.S. patent number 6,550,821, which was filed as patent application serial no. 09/811,734, filed on 3/19/01, (114) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/436,467, attorney docket no. 25791.268, filed on 5/12/03, which is a continuation of U.S. patent number 6,604,763, which was filed as application serial no. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791.23.02, filed on 4/26/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on 4/26/99, (115) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/459,776, attorney docket no. 25791.270, filed on 4/2/03, (116) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,094, attorney docket no. 25791.272, filed on 4/8/03, (117) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/461,038, attorney docket no. 25791.273, filed on 4/7/03, (118) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/463,586, attorney docket no.

attorney docket no. 25791.286, filed on 5/20/03, (120) U.S. patent application serial no. 10/619,285, attorney docket no. 25791,292, filed on 7/14/03, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on 10/3/2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent no. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. Patent Application serial number 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on 11/15/99, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on 11/16/98, (121) U.S. utility patent application serial no. 10/418,688, attorney docket no. 25791,257, which was filed on 4/18/03, as a division of U.S. utility patent application serial no. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on 3/10/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on 3/11/99, (122) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04/ attorney docket no. 25791.238.02, filed on 2/26/2004, (123) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/ ____, attorney docket number 25791.40.02, filed on 3/15/04 (124) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/ , attorney docket number 25791.236.02, filed on 3/15/04, and (125) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/____ docket number 25791.253.02, filed on 3/11/2004, (125) conventional rotary expansion tools such as, for example, as described in U.S. 6,457,532 and/or WO 02/081863 A1, or any one of the commercially available rotary expansion tools available from Weatherford International, Inc., and/or (126) conventional hydro-forming methods and tools, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference. [0038] More generally, the operational characteristics of the adaptive expansion device 14 may be determined as a function of empirical data regarding the tubular member 16 more of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or one or more of the adjustable damping

25791.277, filed on 4/17/03, (119) U.S. provisional patent application serial no. 60/472,240,

may be determined as a function of empirical data regarding the tubular member 16 determined during a radial expansion testing procedure. For example, if a certain spring rate and/or damping rate, or range and/or variation in spring rate and/or damping rate, for one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or one or more of the adjustable damping elements 24 provide enhanced operational performance of the tubular member 16, before, during or after, a radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member, then the preferred spring rate and/or damping rate, or the range and/or variation in the spring rate and/or damping rate, for one or more of the adjustable spring elements 22 and/or one or more of the adjustable damping elements 24 may be programmed into the controller 26 to thereby provide enhanced radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device 14.

[0039] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion

Belle state the transfer of the contract of th

device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; one or more adjustable spring elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments; one or more adjustable damping elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; a controller operably coupled to the adjustable spring elements, the adjustable damping elements, and the sensors; and a user interface operably coupled to the controller for receiving user inputs; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a spring rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements, and a damping rate of one or more of the damping elements as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors and the user inputs.

不是一个

[0040] A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0041] A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0042] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a frequency characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of the

PCT/US2004/008030

いいこと 金銭のかいとして いちのの ののの ないがい

WO 2004/083591

operating conditions sensed by the sensors.

tidik kiku . . . kidistaliki kikiki kiki dika kiki kiki kita di di kala kali kila kita kita kita kala kita kita

[0043] A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0044] A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0045] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming overlapping ends of first and second tubular members has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; one or more expansion device segments for engaging the overlapping ends of the tubular members to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the overlapping ends of the tubular member; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members by one or more of the sensors.

[0046] A method of adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular

29

PCT/US2004/008030 WO 2004/083591

A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T

members; radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members.

[0047] A system for adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular members; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and means for, as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members. [0048] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming first and second tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection that includes a support structure coupled to the support member, one or more expansion device segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the threaded connection; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection by the adaptive expansion device; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the threaded connection by one or more of the sensors. [0049] A method of adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection; radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and as a function of the

THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection.

[0050] A system for adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and means for, as a function of the sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection. [0051] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation that includes a support structure coupled to the support member: one or more expansion device segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member and elastically deform the subterranean formation; and one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the subterranean formation by one or more of the sensors.

[0052] A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device; sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and as a function of the sensing of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments

AND THE STATE OF THE SECOND OF THE SECOND SE

during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.

[0053] A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and means for, as a function of the sensing of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.

[0054] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member that includes a support structure coupled to the support member; and one or more expansion device segments coupled to the support structure for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; one or more sensors for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; and wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more of the operational characteristics of one or more the expansion device segments as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors.

[0055] A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member. [0056] A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore has been described that includes means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device; means for sensing one or more operating conditions

during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

[0057] In several exemplary embodiments, one or more of the expansion device segments includes one or more expansion surfaces; and an actuator coupled to the expansion surfaces. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes one or more degrees of freedom. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of degrees of freedom. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes one or more rotary actuators. In an exemplary embodiment, one or more of the expansion device segments include one or more hydro-forming devices.

[0058] In several exemplary embodiments, radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device includes displacing the adaptive expansion device relative to the tubular member in the longitudinal direction. In several exemplary embodiments, radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device includes rotating the adaptive expansion device relative to the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device includes applying a pressurized fluid to the interior surface of the tubular member. In several exemplary embodiments, the means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device includes means for displacing the adaptive expansion device. In several exemplary embodiments, the means for displacing the adaptive expansion device includes one or more degrees of freedom. In several exemplary embodiments, the means for displacing the adaptive expansion device includes a plurality of degrees of freedom. In several exemplary embodiments, the means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device includes means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using a hydroforming device.

[0059] It is understood that variations may be made in the foregoing without departing from the scope of the invention. For example, the teachings of the present illustrative embodiments may be used to provide a wellbore casing, a pipeline, or a structural support. Furthermore, one or more of the tubular members, 16 and 30, may be slotted, perforated, or otherwise include one or more radial passages. In addition, the adaptive expansion device 14 may be displaced in the longitudinal direction and/or rotated relative to the tubular member 16 during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member. [0060] Although illustrative embodiments of the invention have been shown and described, a wide range of modification, changes and substitution is contemplated in the foregoing

Authorization de la company de

disclosure. In some instances, some features of the present invention may be employed without a corresponding use of the other features. Accordingly, it is appropriate that the appended claims be construed broadly and in a manner consistent with the scope of the invention.

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

a support member, and

an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member, comprising:

a support structure coupled to the support member;

one or more expansion device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member:

one or more adjustable spring elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments;

one or more adjustable damping elements coupled between the support structure and one or more of the expansion device segments; and

one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device;

a controller operably coupled to the adjustable spring elements, the adjustable damping elements, and the sensors; and a user interface operably coupled to the controller for receiving user inputs; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a spring rate of one or more of the adjustable spring elements, and a damping rate of one or more of the damping elements as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors and the user inputs.

2. A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:

inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member;

radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device;

sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and

as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.

3. A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:

means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member;

WO 2004/083591 PCT/US2004/008030

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device;

- means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
- means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a spring rate and a damping rate of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.
- 4. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member, comprising:
 - a support structure coupled to the support member;
 - one or more expansion device segments for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member; and
 - one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and
 - a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors;
 - wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust a frequency characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors.
- 5. A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:
 - inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member;
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device:
 - sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
 - as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.
- 6. A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:

means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion

WO 2004/083591 PCT/US2004/008030

The state of the s

- device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the tubular member;
- means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device;
- means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
- means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting a frequency response characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.
- 7. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming overlapping ends of first and second tubular members, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members, comprising:
 - a support structure coupled to the support member;
 - one or more expansion device segments for engaging the overlapping ends of the tubular members to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the overlapping ends of the tubular member; and
 - one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular member by the adaptive expansion device; and
 - a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members by one or more of the sensors.
- 8. A method of adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore, comprising:
 - inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular members;
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device;
 - sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and

as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members.

- 9. A system for adaptively radially expanding overlapping ends of tubular members within a wellbore, comprising:
 - means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member into the overlapping ends of the tubular members;
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the overlapping ends of the tubular members using the adaptive expansion device;
 - means for sensing the overlapping ends of the tubular members during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members; and
 - means for, as a function of the sensing of the overlapping ends of the tubular members, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the overlapping ends of the tubular members.
- 10. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming first and second tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection, comprising:
 - a support structure coupled to the support member;
 - one or more expansion device segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the threaded connection; and
 - one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection by the adaptive expansion device; and
 - a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the threaded connection by one or more of the sensors.
- 11. A method of adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore, comprising:

WO 2004/083591 PCT/US2004/008030

inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection;

- radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive expansion device;
- sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and
- as a function of the sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection.
- 12. A system for adaptively radially expanding tubular members coupled to one another by a threaded connection within a wellbore, comprising:
 - means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular members proximate the threaded connection:
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the threaded connection using the adaptive expansion device;
 - means for sensing the threaded connection during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection; and
 - means for, as a function of the sensing of the threaded connection, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the threaded connection.
- 13. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation, comprising:
 - a support structure coupled to the support member;
 - one or more expansion device segments for engaging the threaded connection to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member and elastically deform the subterranean formation; and
 - one or more sensors for sensing operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and

WO 2004/083591 PCT/US2004/08030

-BILL BLIGHALID BOSKSÄNSKALISKÄL BILAN IKULLIKA LATON DALID BELIATAK AKATALISKALIDA KALIDAK AKATALIN MASABERKKAINESSI

a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more operational characteristics of one or more of the expansion device segments as a function of a sensing of the subterranean formation by one or more of the sensors.

- 14. A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:
 - inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore;
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device;
 - sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation: and
 - as a function of the sensing of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.
- 15. A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore that traverses a subterranean formation, comprising:
 - means for inserting an adaptive expansion device comprising one or more expansion device segments for engaging and radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation within the wellbore:
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member and elastically deforming the subterranean formation using the adaptive expansion device:
 - means for sensing the subterranean formation during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation; and
 - means for, as a function of the sensing of the subterranean formation, controllably adjusting an operational characteristic of one or more of the expansion device segments during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member and the elastic deformation of the subterranean formation.
 - 16. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular

member, comprising:

a support member; and

an adaptive expansion device coupled to the support member for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member, comprising:

Accompanies to the control of the co

a support structure coupled to the support member; and

- one or more expansion device segments coupled to the support structure for engaging the tubular member to thereby radially expand and plastically deform the tubular member;
- one or more sensors for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
- a controller operably coupled to the expansion device segments and the sensors; and
- wherein the controller is programmed to controllably adjust one or more of the operational characteristics of one or more the expansion device segments as a function of the operating conditions sensed by the sensors.
- 17. A method of adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:

inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member;

- radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device;
- sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
- as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.
- 18. A system for adaptively radially expanding a tubular member within a wellbore, comprising:

means for inserting an adaptive expansion device into the tubular member;

- means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device;
- means for sensing one or more operating conditions during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member; and
- means for, as a function of the sensed operating conditions, controllably adjusting one or more of the operating characteristics of the adaptive expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the tubular member.
- 19. The apparatus of claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, or 16, wherein one or more of the expansion device segments comprise:

WO 2004/083591 PCT/US2004/008030

one or more expansion surfaces; and an actuator coupled to the expansion surfaces.

- 20. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the actuator comprises one or more degrees of freedom.
- 21. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the actuator comprises a plurality of degrees of freedom.
- 22. The apparatus of claim 19, wherein the actuator comprises one or more rotary actuators.
- 23. The apparatus of claims 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, or 16, wherein one or more of the expansion device segments comprise:

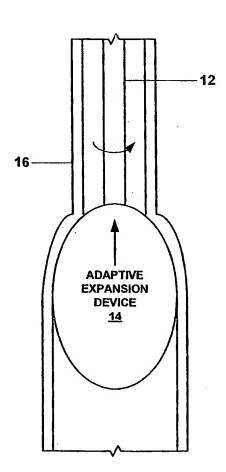
one or more hydro-forming devices.

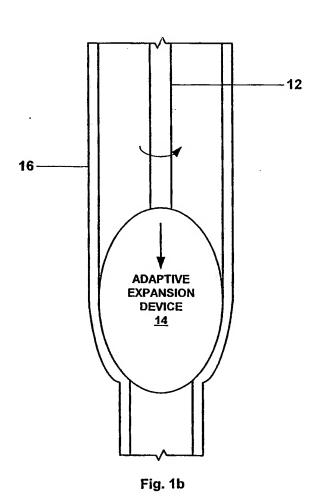
- 24. The method of claims 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, or 17, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device comprises: displacing the adaptive expansion device relative to the tubular member in the longitudinal direction.
- 25. The method of claims 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, or 17, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device comprises: rotating the adaptive expansion device relative to the tubular member.
- 26. The method of claims 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, or 17, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device comprises: applying a pressurized fluid to the interior surface of the tubular member.
- 27. The system of claims 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, or 18, wherein the means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device comprises:

means for displacing the adaptive expansion device.

- 28. The system of claim 27, wherein the means for displacing the adaptive expansion device comprises one or more degrees of freedom.
- 29. The system of claim 27, wherein the means for displacing the adaptive expansion device comprises a plurality of degrees of freedom.
- 30. The system of claims 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, or 18, wherein the means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using the adaptive expansion device comprises:

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member using a hydro-forming device.





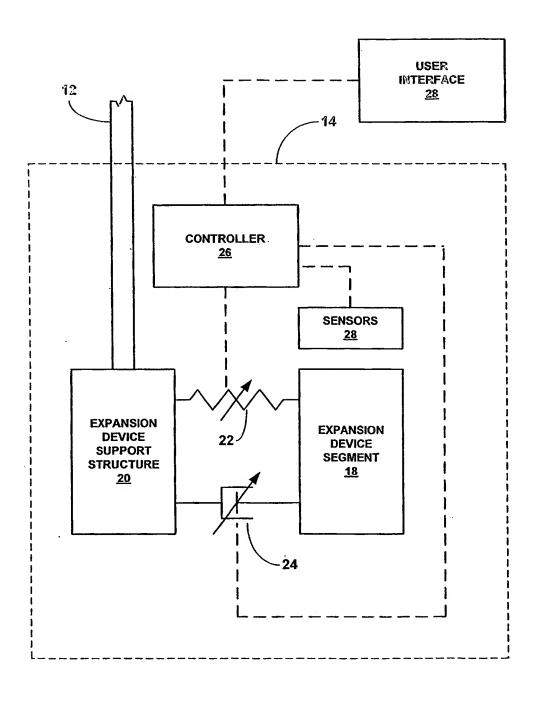
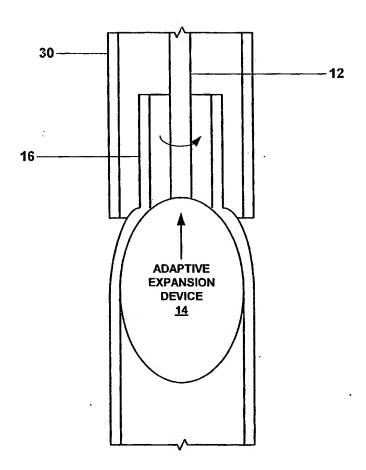
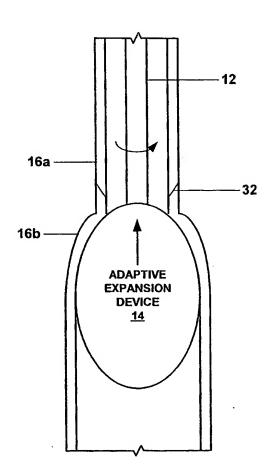


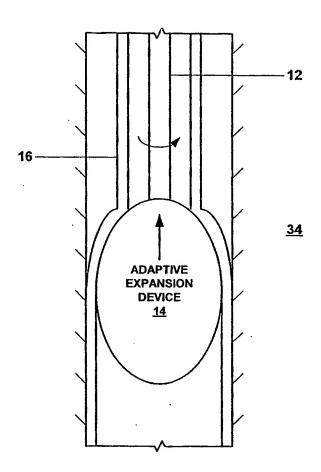
Fig. 2

さいのは一般の一般の一個ない。

10







87. The apparatus of claim 86, wherein at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device.

- 88. The apparatus of claim 87, wherein the adjustable expansion device comprises: a support member, and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 89. The apparatus of claim 88, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position;

wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and

wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.

- 90. The apparatus of claim 89, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 91. The apparatus of claim 90, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 92. The apparatus of claim 89, wherein the expansion elements comprise:
 a first set of expansion elements; and
 a second set of expansion elements;
 wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 93. The apparatus of claim 92, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 94. The apparatus of claim 92, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 95. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

- a support member,
- an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and
- a sealing assembly for sealing an annulus defined between the support member and the tubular member.
- 96. The apparatus of claim 95, further comprising:
 a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 97. The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements.
- 98. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member.

- 99. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 100. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 101. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 102. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member.
- 103. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not

engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member.

- 104. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member, and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.
- 105. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position.
- 106. The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the gripping device further comprises: an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member;
 - wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and

wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator.

- 107. The apparatus of claim 95, further comprising:
- a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member.
- 108. The apparatus of claim 95, further comprising: a packer assembly coupled to the support member.
- 109. The apparatus of claim 108, wherein the packer assembly comprises: a packer, and
 - a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member.

- 110. The apparatus of claim 109, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.
- 111. The apparatus of claim 109, wherein the packer control device comprises:
 - a support member,
 - one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and
 - a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer.
- 112. The apparatus of claim 109, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member,
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and

wherein the packer control device comprises:

- a support member;
- one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve.
- 113. The apparatus of claim 95, further comprising: an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member.
- 114. The apparatus of claim 113, wherein the actuator comprises:
- a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and
- a second actuator for pushing the expansion device.
- 115. The apparatus of claim 113, wherein the actuator comprises means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.
- 116. The apparatus of claim 114, wherein the first and second actuators comprise means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.

117. The apparatus of claim 113, wherein the actuator comprises a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers.

- 118. The apparatus of claim 95, wherein the cutting device comprises:a support member; anda plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.
- 119. The apparatus of claim 118, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and

wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.

- 120. The apparatus of claim 119, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 121. The apparatus of claim 120, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 122. The apparatus of claim 119, wherein the cutting elements comprise:

 a first set of cutting elements; and
 a second set of cutting elements;
 wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.
- 123. The apparatus of claim 122, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 124. The apparatus of claim 122, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.

- 125. The apparatus of claim 95, wherein the expansion device comprises:
 - a support member; and
 - a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 126. The apparatus of claim 125, further comprising:
 - an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and
 - wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 127. The apparatus of claim 126, further comprising:
 - a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 128. The apparatus of claim 127, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 129. The apparatus of claim 126, wherein the expansion elements comprise:
 - a first set of expansion elements; and
 - a second set of expansion elements;
 - wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 130. The apparatus of claim 129, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 131. The apparatus of claim 129, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 132. The apparatus of claim 95, wherein the expansion device comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 133. The apparatus of claim 95, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of expansion devices.

134. The apparatus of claim 133, wherein at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device.

- 135. The apparatus of claim 134, wherein the adjustable expansion device comprises: a support member, and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 136. The apparatus of claim 135, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.

たがなり は難ない かれて

- 137. The apparatus of claim 136, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 138. The apparatus of claim 137, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 139. The apparatus of claim 136, wherein the expansion elements comprise:

 a first set of expansion elements; and
 a second set of expansion elements;
 wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 140. The apparatus of claim 139, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 141. The apparatus of claim 139, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 142. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member;

a first expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

- a second expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 143. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising:
 a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 144. The apparatus of claim 143, wherein the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements.
- 145. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member.
- 146. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 147. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 148. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 149. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member.
- 150. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do

engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member.

- 151. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.
- 152. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position.
- 153. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein the gripping device further comprises: an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member;
 - wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member, and

wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator.

The state of the s

- 154. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising:
- a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 155. The apparatus of claim 154, wherein the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member.
- 156. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising:
- a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member.
- 157. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising: a packer assembly coupled to the support member.

- 158. The apparatus of claim 157, wherein the packer assembly comprises:
 - a packer; and
 - a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member.
- 159. The apparatus of claim 158, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member,
 - a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.
- 160. The apparatus of claim 158, wherein the packer control device comprises:
 - a support member,
 - one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer.
- 161. The apparatus of claim 158, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member, and

wherein the packer control device comprises:

- a support member;
- one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve.
- 162. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising: an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member.
- 163. The apparatus of claim 162, wherein the actuator comprises: a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device.

164. The apparatus of claim 162, wherein the actuator comprises means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.

- 165. The apparatus of claim 163, wherein the first and second actuators comprise means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.
- 166. The apparatus of claim 162, wherein the actuator comprises a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers.
- 167. The apparatus of claim 142, further comprising:
 a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 168. The apparatus of claim 167, wherein the cutting device comprises: a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.
- 169. The apparatus of claim 168, further comprising:

 an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between

 a first position and a second position;

 wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member;

 and

 wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.
- 170. The apparatus of claim 169, further comprising:a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 171. The apparatus of claim 170, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 172. The apparatus of claim 169, wherein the cutting elements comprise: a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.

- 173. The apparatus of claim 172, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 174. The apparatus of claim 172, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 175. The apparatus of claim 142, wherein at least one of the first second expansion devices comprise:
 - a support member; and
 - a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 176. The apparatus of claim 175, further comprising:
 - an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and
 - wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.

で はないないでは はいこう

- 177. The apparatus of claim 176, further comprising:
 - a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 178. The apparatus of claim 177, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 179. The apparatus of claim 176, wherein the expansion elements comprise:
 - a first set of expansion elements; and
 - a second set of expansion elements;
 - wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 180. The apparatus of claim 179, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

181. The apparatus of claim 179, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 182. The apparatus of claim 142, wherein at least one of the first and second expansion devices comprise a plurality of expansion devices.
- 183. The apparatus of claim 182, wherein at least one of the first and second expansion device comprise an adjustable expansion device.
- 184. The apparatus of claim 183, wherein the adjustable expansion device comprises: a support member, and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 185. The apparatus of claim 184, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 186. The apparatus of claim 185, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 187. The apparatus of claim 186, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 188. The apparatus of claim 185, wherein the expansion elements comprise: a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 189. The apparatus of claim 188, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

後國為1866年.

190. The apparatus of claim 188, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 191. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member;
 - an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and
 - a packer coupled to the support member.
- 192. The apparatus of claim 191, further comprising:a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 193. The apparatus of claim 192, wherein the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements.
- 194. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member.
- 195. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 196. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 197. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 198. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the

second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member.

- 199. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 200. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.
- 201. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position.
- 202. The apparatus of claim 193, wherein the gripping device further comprises: an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member:
 - wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and

wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator.

- 203. The apparatus of claim 191, further comprising: a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member.
- 204. The apparatus of claim 203, wherein the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member.

- 205. The apparatus of claim 191, further comprising:
- a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member.
- 206. The apparatus of claim 191, wherein the packer assembly comprises:

- a packer, and
- a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member.
- 207. The apparatus of claim 206, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.
- 208. The apparatus of claim 206, wherein the packer control device comprises: a support member, one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member, and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer.
- 209. The apparatus of claim 206, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and

wherein the packer control device comprises:

- a support member;
- one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve.
- 210. The apparatus of claim 191, further comprising: an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member.

211. The apparatus of claim 210, wherein the actuator comprises: a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device.

III. alienteaa idaterelikiisistikkairiikostiikistiiriiki irtela leelikekilikikiikiikiikiikiikiini oleki irtela

- 214. The apparatus of claim 210, wherein the actuator comprises means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.
- 215. The apparatus of claim 211, wherein the first and second actuators comprise means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.

- 216. The apparatus of claim 210, wherein the actuator comprises a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers.
- 217. The apparatus of claim 191, further comprising a cutting device coupled to the support member for cutting the tubular member.
- 218. The apparatus of claim 217, wherein the cutting device comprises:a support member; anda plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.
- 219. The apparatus of claim 218, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.
- 220. The apparatus of claim 219, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 221. The apparatus of claim 220, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 222. The apparatus of claim 219, wherein the cutting elements comprise: a first set of cutting elements; and

a second set of cutting elements;

wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.

- 223. The apparatus of claim 222, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 224. The apparatus of claim 222, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 225. The apparatus of claim 191, wherein the expansion device comprises: a support member, and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 226. The apparatus of claim 225, further comprising:
 an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements
 between a first position and a second position;
 wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular
 member; and
 - wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 227. The apparatus of claim 226, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 228. The apparatus of claim 227, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 229. The apparatus of claim 226, wherein the expansion elements comprise: a first set of expansion elements; and
 - a second set of expansion elements;
 - wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 230. The apparatus of claim 229, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

231. The apparatus of claim 229, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 232. The apparatus of claim 191, wherein the expansion device comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 233. The apparatus of claim 191, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of expansion devices.
- 234. The apparatus of claim 233, wherein at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 235. The apparatus of claim 234, wherein the adjustable expansion device comprises: a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 236. The apparatus of claim 235, further comprising:
 an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements
 between a first position and a second position;
 wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular
 member; and
 wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 237. The apparatus of claim 236, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 238. The apparatus of claim 237, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 239. The apparatus of claim 236, wherein the expansion elements comprise: a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.

Carland and the Control of the Contr

こうことを表してはないこと

240. The apparatus of claim 239, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 241. The apparatus of claim 239, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 242. An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member,
 - a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member,
 - a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member;
 - a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member;
 - a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member;
 - a first adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member;
 - a second adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member;
 - a packer coupled to the support member; and
 - an actuator for displacing one or more of the sealing assembly, first and second adjustable expansion devices, and packer relative to the support member.
- 243. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements.
- 244. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member.
- 245. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 246. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.

247. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member.

248. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member.

· 1988年 | 1888年 | 1

- 249. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member.
- 250. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.
- 251. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position.
- 252. The apparatus of claim 243, wherein the gripping device further comprises: an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member:

wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and

wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator.

- 253. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member.
- 254. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the packer assembly comprises:
 - a packer, and
 - a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member.
- 255. The apparatus of claim 254, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.
- 256. The apparatus of claim 254, wherein the packer control device comprises: a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer.
- 257. The apparatus of claim 254, wherein the packer comprises:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and
 - a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and

wherein the packer control device comprises:

- a support member,
- one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member, and
- a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. `~

- 258. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the actuator comprises:
- a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and
- a second actuator for pushing the expansion device.
- 259. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the actuator comprises means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.
- 260. The apparatus of claim 258, wherein the first and second actuators comprise means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device.
- 261. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the actuator comprises a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers.

- 262. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein the cutting device comprises: a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.
- 263. The apparatus of claim 262, further comprising: an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and
 - wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.
- 264. The apparatus of claim 263, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 265. The apparatus of claim 264, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 266. The apparatus of claim 263, wherein the cutting elements comprise: a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.

- 267. The apparatus of claim 266, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 268. The apparatus of claim 266, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 269. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices comprise:
 - a support member; and
 - a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 270. The apparatus of claim 269, further comprising:
 - an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and
 - wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 271. The apparatus of claim 270, further comprising:
 - a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 272. The apparatus of claim 271, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 273. The apparatus of claim 270, wherein the expansion elements comprise:
 - a first set of expansion elements; and
 - a second set of expansion elements;
 - wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 274. The apparatus of claim 273, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

275. The apparatus of claim 273, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 276. The apparatus of claim 242, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices comprise a plurality of expansion devices.
- 277. The apparatus of claim 276, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices comprise:
 - a support member, and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member.
- 278. The apparatus of claim 277, further comprising:

 an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements

 between a first position and a second position;

 wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular

 member, and

 wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.
- 279. The apparatus of claim 278, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 280. The apparatus of claim 279, wherein the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 281. The apparatus of claim 278, wherein the expansion elements comprise:

 a first set of expansion elements; and
 a second set of expansion elements;
 wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements.
- 282. The apparatus of claim 281, wherein in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.
- 283. The apparatus of claim 281, wherein in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

- 284. An apparatus for cutting a tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.
- 285. The apparatus of claim 284, further comprising:
 - an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position;
 - wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member, and
 - wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.
- 286. The apparatus of claim 285, further comprising:
 - a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 287. The apparatus of claim 286, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.
- 288. The apparatus of claim 285, wherein the cutting elements comprise:
 - a first set of cutting elements; and
 - a second set of cutting elements;
 - wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.
- 289. The apparatus of claim 288, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 290. The apparatus of claim 288, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.
- 291. An apparatus for engaging a tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member; and
 - a plurality of movable elements coupled to the support member.

and the control of th

- 292. The apparatus of claim 291, further comprising:
 an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the elements between a first
 position and a second position;
 wherein in the first position, the elements do not engage the tubular member; and
 - wherein in the first position, the elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the elements engage the tubular member.
- 293. The apparatus of claim 292, further comprising: a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.
- 294. The apparatus of claim 293, wherein the sensor prevents the elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.

- 295. The apparatus of claim 292, wherein the elements comprise: a first set of elements; and a second set of elements; wherein the first set of elements are interleaved with the second set of elements.
- 296. The apparatus of claim 295, wherein in the first position, the first set of elements are not axially aligned with the second set of elements.
- 297. The apparatus of claim 295, wherein in the second position, the first set of elements are axially aligned with the second set of elements.
- 298. An apparatus for gripping a tubular member, comprising: a plurality of movable gripping elements.
- 299. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction.
- 300. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction.
- 301. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do

engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction.

- 302. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction.
- 303. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction.
- 304. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein, in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member, and wherein, in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.
- 305. The apparatus of claim 298, further comprising an actuator for moving the gripping elements.
- 306. The apparatus of claim 298, wherein the gripping elements comprise: a plurality of separate and distinct gripping elements.
- 307. An actuator, comprising:
- a tubular housing:
- a tubular piston rod movably coupled to and at least partially positioned within the housing; a plurality of annular piston chambers defined by the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod; and
- a plurality of tubular pistons coupled to the tubular piston rod, each tubular piston movably positioned within a corresponding annular piston chamber.
- 308. The actuator of claim 307, further comprising means for transmitting torsional loads between the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod.

- 309. An apparatus for controlling a packer, comprising:
- a tubular support member;

one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the tubular support member; and a tubular stinger coupled to the tubular support member for engaging the packer.

A CONTROL OF THE CONT

- 310. The apparatus of claim 309, further comprising a tubular sleeve coupled to the drag blocks.
- 311. The apparatus of claim 309, wherein the tubular support member comprises one or more axially aligned teeth for engaging the packer.
- 312. A packer comprising:
 - a support member defining a passage;
 - a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;
 - one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and

- a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.
- 313. A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:
 - positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing;
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and
 - radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing:
 - wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.
- 314. The method of claim 313, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section comprises:
 - positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole;
 - lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;

increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member, wherein n is greater than or equal to 1.

- 315. A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising:

 positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member;

 supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device

 within a borehole;
 - lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;

事務の機能にない

- positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member:
- supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member,
- lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;
- increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.
- 316. A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole;
 - lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and
 - pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the

adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

- 317. A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising: positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole;
 - lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;
 - pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;
 - positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member;
 - supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;
 - lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member;
 - increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel;
 - displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and
 - pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.
- 318. A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member;
 - supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole;
 - lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;

increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member;

- displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member;
- decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
- displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 319. A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising: positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member;
 - supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole;
 - lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
 - increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
 displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first
 expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower
 portion of the first expandable tubular member;
 - displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
 - positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member;

supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;

lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;

increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the
second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform
a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;
displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable
expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular
member;

decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; and

- displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;
- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 320. A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member;
 - supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole;
 - lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
 - pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion

device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member;

- decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device:
- displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member, and
- pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device;
- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 321. A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising: positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member;
 - supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole;
 - lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
 - increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
 displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first
 expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower
 portion of the first expandable tubular member;
 - pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member;
 - decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
 - displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member;

pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device;

in derinitation in the contratation of the contratation of the contratation of the contratation of the contrata

- positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member;
- supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;
- lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member:
- increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
 displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the
 second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform
 a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;
- pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device;
- displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
- displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and
- pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device;
- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 322. A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

and the control of th

increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

- 323. The method of claim 322, further comprising:
 reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the
 expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically
 deformed.
- 324. The method of claim 323, further comprising:

 fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device.

The second secon

- 325. The method of claim 324, further comprising:

 permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the

 position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidicly sealing the radially expanded
 and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member.
- 326. The method of claim 325, further comprising:
 injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the
 expandable tubular member and a preexisting structure after permitting the
 position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of
 the hydraulic actuator.
- 327. The method of claim 325, further comprising:
 increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of
 the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic
 actuator.
- The method of claim 327, further comprising:
 displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform another portion of the expandable tubular member.

TENTE TO SERVICE DE LA COMPLEMENTA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DEL COMPLETA DE LA COMPLETA DEL COMPLE

329. The method of claim 328, further comprising:

if the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member overlaps with a preexisting structure, then

not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting structure.

なる経路の経路が

330. A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:

supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device;

displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and

displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

- 331. The method of claim 330, further comprising:
 reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the
 expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically
 deformed.
- 332. The method of claim 331, further comprising:

 fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable
 tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device.

333. The method of claim 332, further comprising:

permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member.

334. The method of claim 333, further comprising:

injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the borehole after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

335. The method of claim 333, further comprising:

increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

336. The method of claim 335, further comprising:

displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

337. The method of claim 336, further comprising:

not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator, and

displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing after not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

338. A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure;
radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to
form a bell section; and

radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

339. The method of claim 338, wherein positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure comprises:

locking the tubular member to an expansion device.

- 340. The method of claim 339, wherein the outside diameter of the expansion device is less than the inside diameter of the tubular member.
- 341. The method of claim 339, wherein the expansion device is positioned within the tubular member.
- 342. The method of claim 339, wherein the expansion device comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 343. The method of claim 342, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 344. The method of claim 339, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of expansion devices.
- 345. The method of claim 344, wherein at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 346. The method of claim 345, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 347. The method of claim 338, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section comprises:
 - lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member.
- 348. The method of claim 347, wherein lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member comprises:
 - lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and adjusting the size of the expansion device.

349. The method of claim 348, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

- 350. The method of claim 348, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.
- 351. The method of claim 350, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 352. The method of claim 347, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.

- 353. The method of claim 352, wherein gripping the tubular member comprises: permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 354. The method of claim 352, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.

355. The method of claim 338, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:

lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member.

356. The method of claim 355, wherein lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member comprises:

lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and adjusting the size of the expansion device.

357. The method of claim 356, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

358. The method of claim 356, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.

- 359. The method of claim 358, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 360. The method of claim 355, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

から できる 連続

gripping the tubular member, and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.

- 361. The method of claim 360, wherein gripping the tubular member comprises: permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 362. The method of claim 360, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.

363. The method of claim 355, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure.

364. The method of claim 363, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:

pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

365. The method of claim 338, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:

fluidicly sealing an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the tubular member.

- 366. The method of claim 365, wherein the expansion device is adjustable.
- 367. The method of claim 366, wherein the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

oli viidi inii. Toks atkaali ir eeleskirikirikkaasaa oo rokkaalii oo kali oo ka kirkii kalikakii kirkii oo sa a

SERVICE SERVICES OF COMPANY OF THE SERVICES OF

- 368. The method of claim 365, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.
- 369. The method of claim 368, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 370. The method of claim 365, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

gripping the tubular member, and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.

- 371. The method of claim 370, wherein gripping the tubular member comprises: permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 372. The method of claim 370, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.

373. The method of claim 365, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure.

374. The method of claim 373, wherein pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:

pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

375. The method of claim 338, wherein radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:

overlapping the portion of the tubular member above the bell section with an end of a preexisting tubular member; and

pulling an expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member.

376. The method of claim 375, wherein the expansion device is adjustable.

- 377. The method of claim 376, wherein the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 378. The method of claim 375, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.
- 379. The method of claim 378, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 380. The method of claim 375, wherein pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises: gripping the tubular member, and pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member.
- 381. The method of claim 380, wherein gripping the tubular member comprises: permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 382. The method of claim 380, wherein pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises: pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using an actuator.
- 383. The method of claim 375, wherein pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises: pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure.
- 384. The method of claim 383, wherein pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:
 - pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

lakalikan kang peliku depaktikan semi 1999. Sakaban kang labah dan kalabah kang kang kang kang bang pelikulah

385. The method of claim 375, further comprising: cutting an end of the portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting tubular member.

- 386. The method of claim 385, further comprising: removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting structure.
- 387. The method of claim 338, further comprising: injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the preexisting structure.
- 388. The method of claim 338, further comprising: cutting off an end of the expandable tubular member.
- 389. The method of claim 388, further comprising:
 removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting
 structure.
- 390. A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another.

- 391. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:
 - means for positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing:
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing;
 - wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

392. The system of claim 391, wherein means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section comprises:

- means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member:
- means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole:
- means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;
- means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member, wherein n is greater than or equal to 1.

- 393. A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole;
 - means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;
 - means for positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

or discribitation and the contraction of the contra

394. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

- means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member;
- means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole;
- means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member,
- means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
- means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and
- means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.
- 395. A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising: means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable
 - tubular member;
 - means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole;
 - means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;
 - means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;
 - means for positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;

ANTERNAL CONSIDERATION OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTRO

means for lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member;

- means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel; means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically
 - deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and
- means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

- 396. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole;
 - means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member:
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
 - means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member;
 - means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member,
 - wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

397. A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising:

- means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member;
- means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole:
- means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
- means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member;
- means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member;

· 经营工经营

- means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
- means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
- means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member;
- means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;
- means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;
- means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;
- means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member;
- means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; and

means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;

- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 398. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole;
 - means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
 - means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member,
 - means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device:
 - means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; and
 - means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device;

wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

- 399. A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising:
 - means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole;
 - means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member;
 - means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
 - means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member;
 - means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device:
 - means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member;
 - means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;

means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;

- means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device;
- means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member;
- means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device;
- means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member;
- means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device;
- means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and
- means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device;
- wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.
- 400. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:
 - means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;
 - means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

- 401. The system of claim 400, further comprising:
 - means for reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed.
- 402. The system of claim 401, further comprising:

 means for fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the

 expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable

 expansion device.

を要から、これの人を変なると

は、国際の教育を行っている。

- 403. The system of claim 402, further comprising: means for permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidicty sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member.
- 404. The system of claim 403, further comprising:

 means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the

 expandable tubular member and a preexisting structure after permitting the

 position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of
 the hydraulic actuator.
- 405. The system of claim 403, further comprising: means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.
- 406. The system of claim 405, further comprising: means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform another portion of the expandable tubular member.
- 407. The system of claim 406, further comprising:

 if the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member overlaps with a

 preexisting structure, then

 means for not permitting the position of the expandable tubular

 member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic

actuator; and

means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting structure.

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

riersirministikininingen etarin, ing ir antili keininininin diretir poli eta analy 112 lainin in latinining

- 408. A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising: means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member, and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion
- 409. The system of claim 408, further comprising: means for reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed.

of the expandable tubular member.

- 410. The system of claim 409, further comprising:

 means for fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the

 expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable

 expansion device.
- 411. The system of claim 410, further comprising: means for permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidicly sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member.
- 412. The system of claim 411, further comprising: means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the

expandable tubular member and the borehole after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

- 413. The system of claim 411, further comprising:
 - means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.
- 414. The system of claim 413, further comprising:
 - means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

いる人が発力の場合では、一般のでは、

- 415. The system of claim 414, further comprising:
 - means for not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and
 - means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing after not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.
- 416. A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:
 - means for positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure;
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and
 - means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.
- 417. The system of claim 416, wherein positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure comprises:
 - means for locking the tubular member to an expansion device.

418. The system of claim 417, wherein the outside diameter of the expansion device is less than the inside diameter of the tubular member.

- 419. The system of claim 417, wherein the expansion device is positioned within the tubular member.
- 420. The system of claim 417, wherein the expansion device comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 421. The system of claim 420, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

11、大学を変換している。 の機構

- 422. The system of claim 417, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of expansion devices.
- 423. The system of claim 422, wherein at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device.
- 424. The system of claim 423, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 425. The system of claim 416, wherein means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section comprises: means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member.
- 426. The system of claim 425, wherein means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member comprises:
 - means for lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and means for adjusting the size of the expansion device.
- 427. The system of claim 426, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 428. The system of claim 426, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.

429. The system of claim 428, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

- 430. The system of claim 425, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:
 - means for gripping the tubular member; and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.
- 431. The system of claim 430, wherein means for gripping the tubular member comprises: means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 432. The system of claim 430, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:
 - means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.
- 433. The system of claim 416, wherein means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:
 - means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member.
- 434. The system of claim 433, wherein means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member comprises:
 - means for lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and means for adjusting the size of the expansion device.
- 435. The system of claim 434, wherein the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 436. The system of claim 434, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.
- 437. The system of claim 436, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

438. The system of claim 433, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for gripping the tubular member, and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.

- 439. The system of claim 438, wherein means for gripping the tubular member comprises: means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 440. The system of claim 438, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.

441. The system of claim 433, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure.

442. The system of claim 441, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:

means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

443. The system of claim 416, wherein means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:

means for fluidicly sealing an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the tubular member.

- 444. The system of claim 443, wherein the expansion device is adjustable.
- The system of claim 444, wherein the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.
- 446. The system of claim 443, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.

447. The system of claim 446, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

448. The system of claim 443, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for gripping the tubular member, and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member.

- 449. The system of claim 448, wherein means for gripping the tubular member comprises: means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 450. The system of claim 448, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator.

451. The system of claim 443, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure.

452. The system of claim 451, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:

means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

453. The system of claim 416, wherein means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprises:

means for overlapping the portion of the tubular member above the bell section with an end of a preexisting tubular member; and

means for pulling an expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member.

454. The system of claim 453, wherein the expansion device is adjustable.

n de la companya del la companya de la companya del la companya de la companya de

455. The system of claim 454, wherein the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

- 456. The system of claim 453, wherein the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices.
- 457. The system of claim 456, wherein at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes.

458. The system of claim 453, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises:

means for gripping the tubular member, and means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member.

- 459. The system of claim 458, wherein means for gripping the tubular member comprises: means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction.
- 460. The system of claim 458, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using an actuator.

461. The system of claim 453, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member comprises:

means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure.

462. The system of claim 461, wherein means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure comprises:

means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device.

- 463. The system of claim 453, further comprising:
 means for cutting an end of the portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the
 preexisting tubular member.
- 464. The system of claim 463, further comprising:

 means for removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting structure.
- 465. The system of claim 416, further comprising:

 means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the

 expandable tubular member and the preexisting structure.
- 466. The system of claim 416, further comprising: means for cutting off an end of the expandable tubular member.
- 467. The system of claim 466, further comprising:

 means for removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting structure.
- 468. A system of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:
 - a support member, and
 means for applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a
 plurality of discrete location separated from one another coupled to the
 support member.
- 469. A method of cutting a tubular member, comprising: positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.
- 470. The method of claim 469, wherein the cutting elements comprise:
 a first group of cutting elements; and
 a second group of cutting elements;

wherein the first group of cutting elements are interleaved with the second group of cutting elements.

471. The method of claim 469, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

bringing the cutting elements into axial alignment.

472. The method of claim 471, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements.

473. The method of claim 471, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

translating the cutting elements.

474. The method of claim 471, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements; and translating the cutting elements.

475. The method of claim 469, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

476. The method of claim 469, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes; translating the cutting elements; and rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

477. The method of claim 469, further comprising:

preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular

member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a

predetermined value.

478. The method of claim 477, wherein preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value comprises:

sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

- 479. A method of gripping a tubular member, comprising: positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member, and bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member.
- 480. The method of claim 479, wherein bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction.

- 481. The method of claim 479, further comprising:

 biasing the gripping elements against engagement with the tubular member.
- 482. A method of operating an actuator, comprising: pressurizing a plurality of pressure chamber.
- 483. The method of claim 482, further comprising: transmitting torsional loads.
- 484. A method of injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure, comprising:

positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure; sealing off an end of the tubular member; operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

- 485. A system for cutting a tubular member, comprising: means for positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member, and means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.
- 486. The system of claim 485, wherein the cutting elements comprise: a first group of cutting elements; and

a second group of cutting elements;

wherein the first group of cutting elements are interleaved with the second group of cutting elements.

487. The system of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for bringing the cutting elements into axial alignment.

488. The system of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for pivoting the cutting elements.

489. The system of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for translating the cutting elements.

490. The system of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for pivoting the cutting elements; and means for translating the cutting elements.

491. The method of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

492. The system of claim 485, wherein means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes; means for translating the cutting elements; and means for rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

493. The system of claim 485, further comprising:

means for preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.

494. The system of claim 493, wherein means for preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value comprises:

means for sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

- 495. A system for gripping a tubular member, comprising: means for positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member.
- 496. The system of claim 495, wherein means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and means for displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction.

- 497. The system of claim 495, further comprising: means for biasing the gripping elements against engagement with the tubular member.
- 498. An actuator system, comprising:
 a support member; and
 means for pressurizing a plurality of pressure chambers coupled to the support member.
- 499. The system of claim 498, further comprising: means for transmitting torsional loads.
- 500. A system for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure, comprising:

means for positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure;
means for sealing off an end of the tubular member;
means for operating a valve within the end of the tubular member, and
means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the
annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

501. A method of engaging a tubular member, comprising: positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member; and bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member.

502. The method of claim 501, wherein the elements comprise:

a first group of elements; and

a second group of elements;

wherein the first group of elements are interleaved with the second group of elements.

503. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

bringing the elements into axial alignment.

504. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

pivoting the elements.

505. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

translating the elements.

506. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular-member further comprises:

pivoting the elements; and translating the elements.

507. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

rotating the elements about a common axis.

508. The method of claim 501, wherein bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

pivoting the elements about corresponding axes; translating the elements; and

rotating the elements about a common axis.

509. The method of claim 501, further comprising:

preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the

inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.

510. The method of claim 509, wherein preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value comprises:

sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

- 511. A system for engaging a tubular member, comprising: means for positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member, and means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member.
- 512. The system of claim 511, wherein the elements comprise:
 a first group of elements; and
 a second group of elements;

wherein the first group of elements are interleaved with the second group of elements.

513. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for bringing the elements into axial alignment...

514. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for pivoting the elements.

515. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for translating the elements.

516. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

means for pivoting the elements; and means for translating the elements.

517. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for rotating the elements about a common axis.

The control of the court of the control of the cont

518. The system of claim 511, wherein means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

means for pivoting the elements about corresponding axes; means for translating the elements; and means for rotating the elements about a common axis.

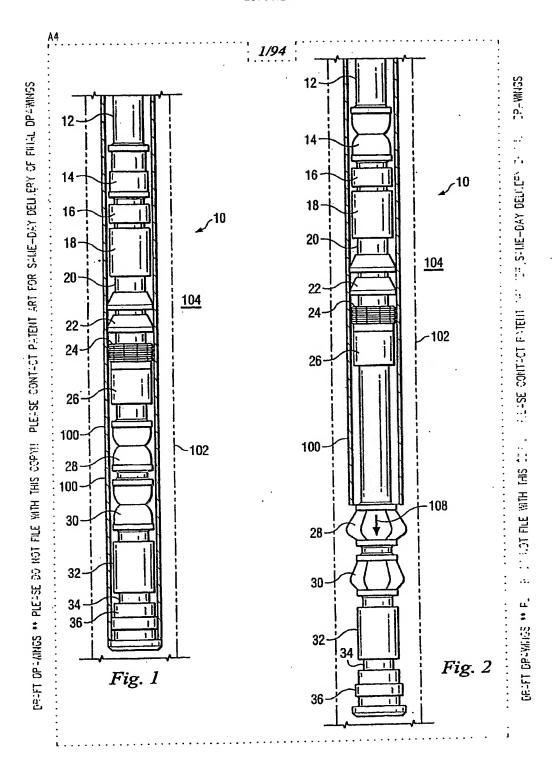
- 519. The system of claim 511, further comprising:

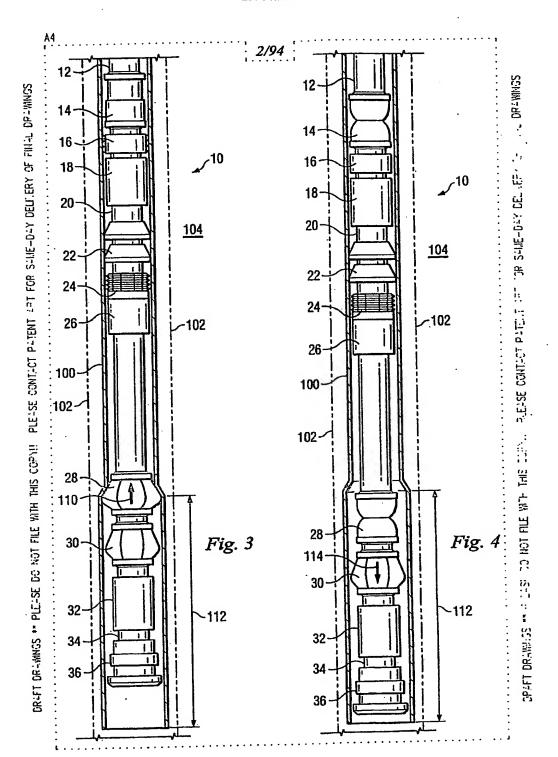
 means for preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular

 member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a

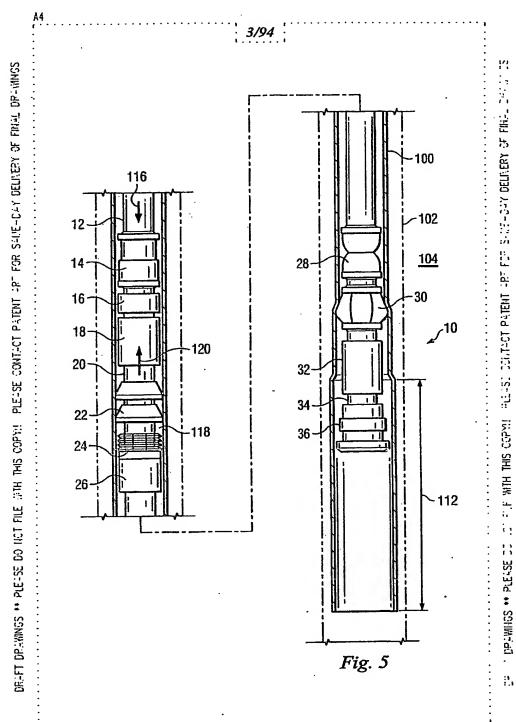
 predetermined value.
- 520. The system of claim 519, wherein means for preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value comprises:

means for sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.



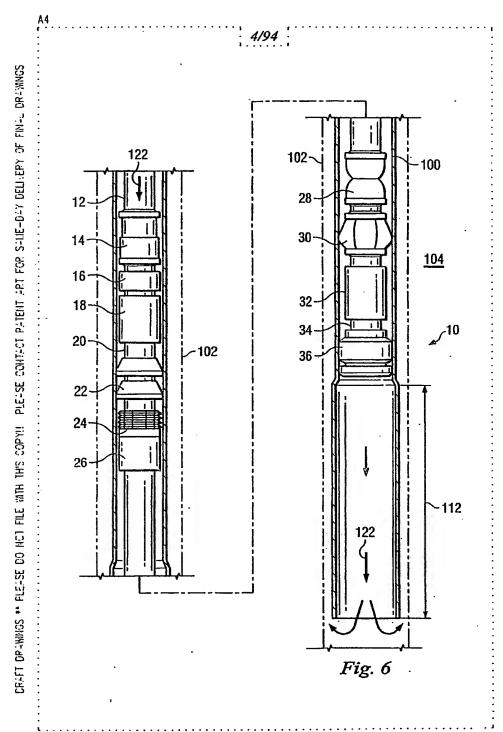


25791.253



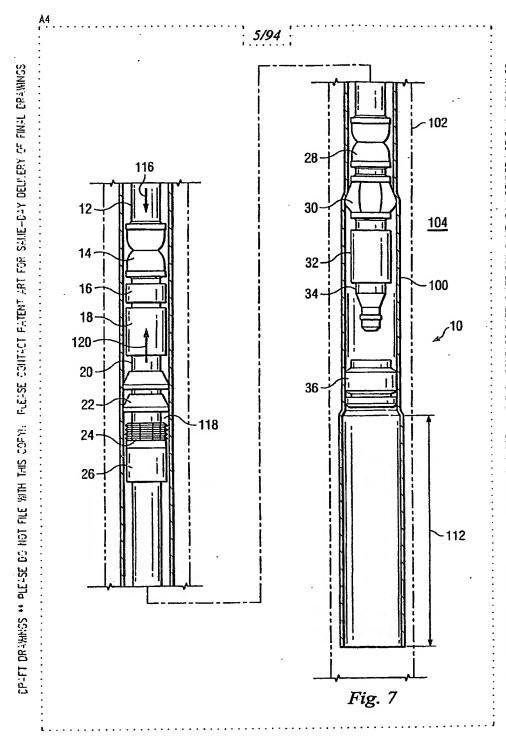
HELDS DOLLDOT PATENT FRE SHISHOOM DELINERY OF FINAL DATAS OF F.F. WITH THIS COPYS! CC 3St3ld ** SSHIMtail.

25791.253

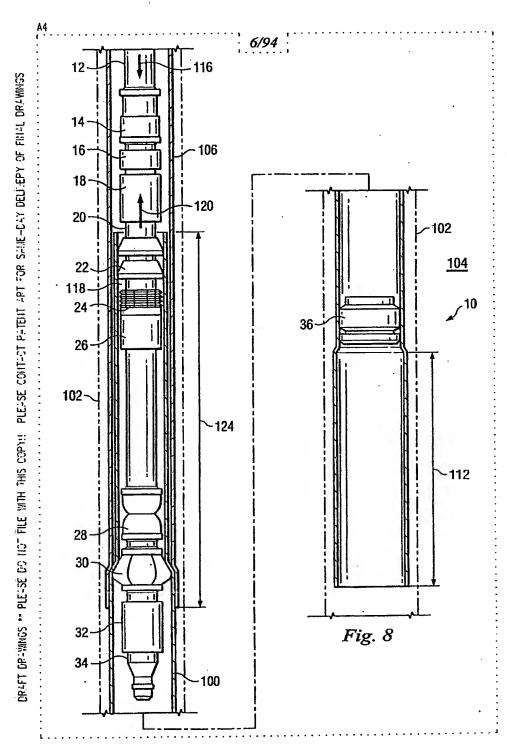


THE PRESMISS TIPT FOR SAME-DAY DELLER PLEASE CONTACT ATTENT THE DESIGNATION OF SECUNDARY OF THE WIND THE SECUNDARY OF THE SECUNDARY OF

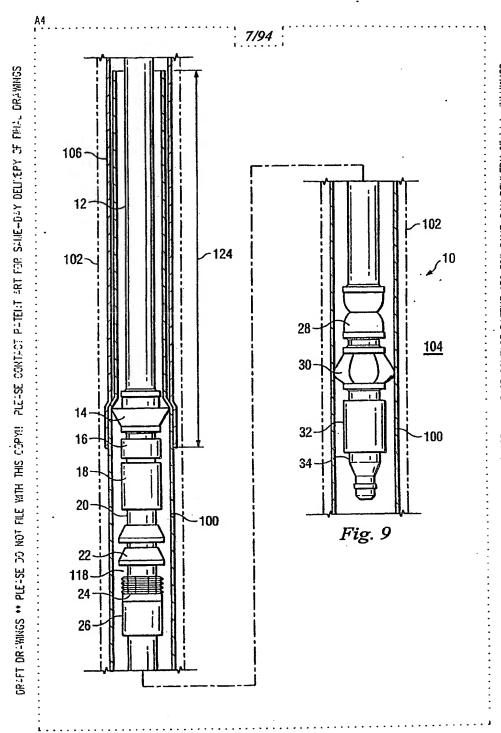
25791.253



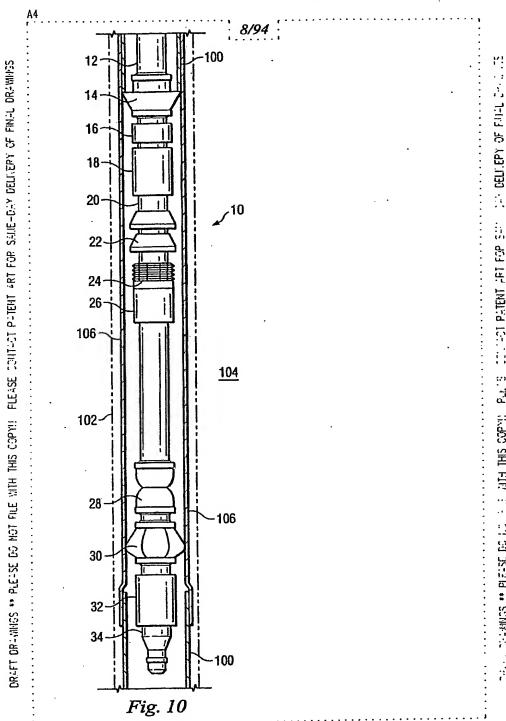
SCHEMENT TO THE YEAR DEUTS HERE FILES CONTACT PATEUR 4PT THE WITH THIS COPY. CHIEFT DRAWINGS ** PLEUS!



記記表 PRESENTATION OF PARENT ART FOR SHARLOW LAND THE STILL AND SET SET TO THE COPYLI

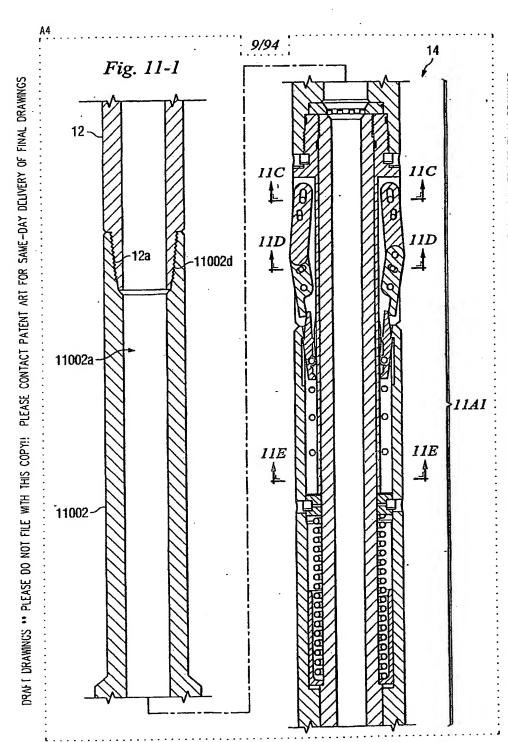


SCHEMENT THE COST THE CONTROL PATER OF THE THEFT TO SHEED BY DELICER OF THE WINDER THE TOTAL :/: LILET DRIMINGS ** PLF"

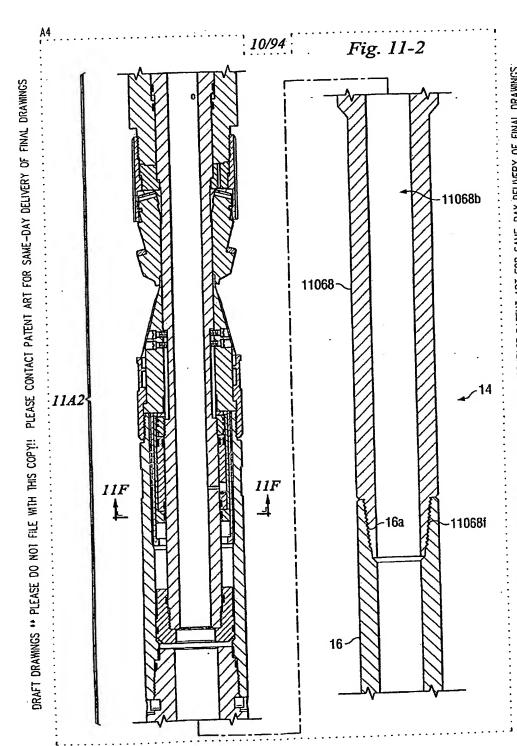


TOTAL PRIENT ART FOR S. 43 LITH THIS COPY!! THE CONTRACT ** PLEASE DO NO

25791.253



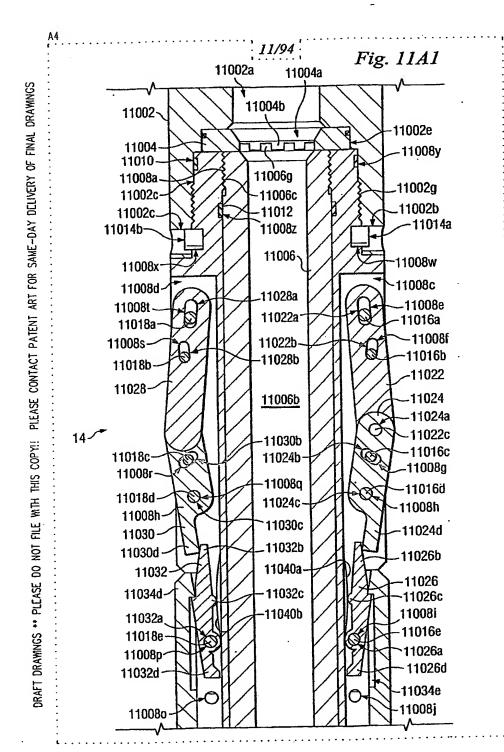
DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!! PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS



DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!! PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS

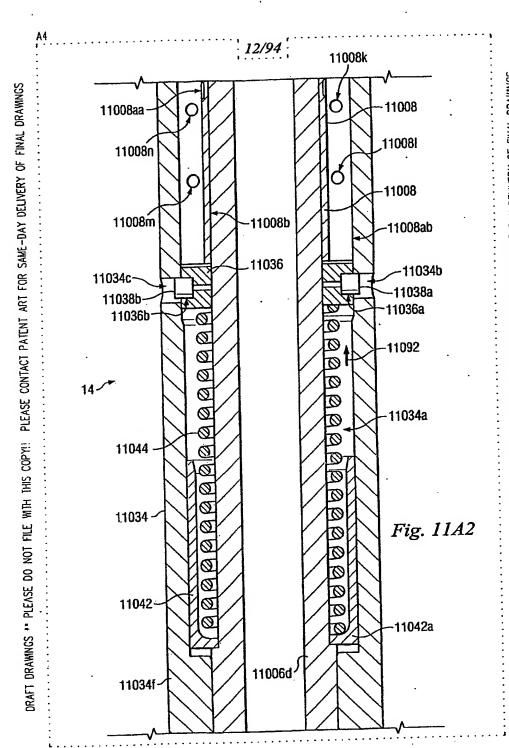
TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

25791.253



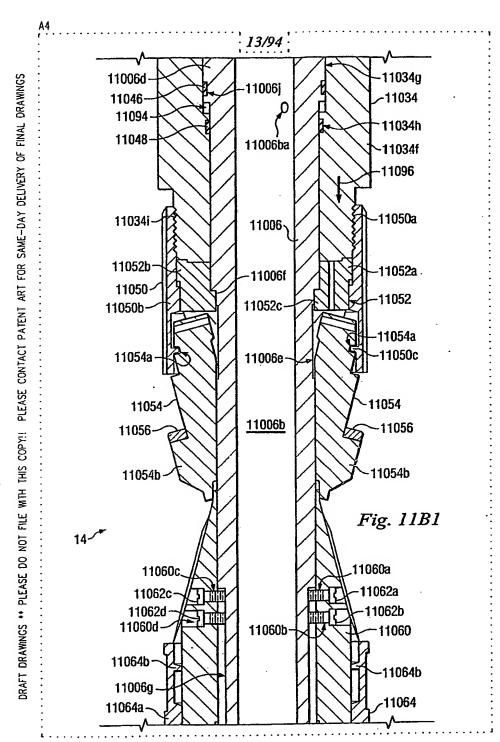
CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS PLEASE WIH THIS COPY!! NOT FILE DRAFT DRAWNGS ** PI.EASE DO

25791.253



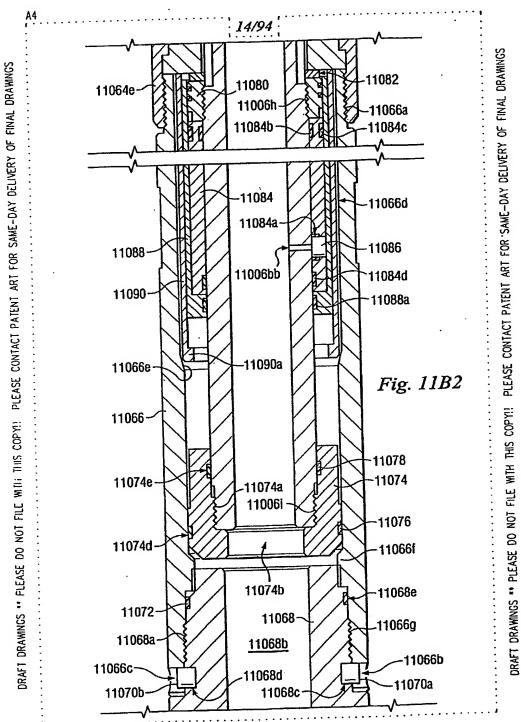
PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!!

25791.253



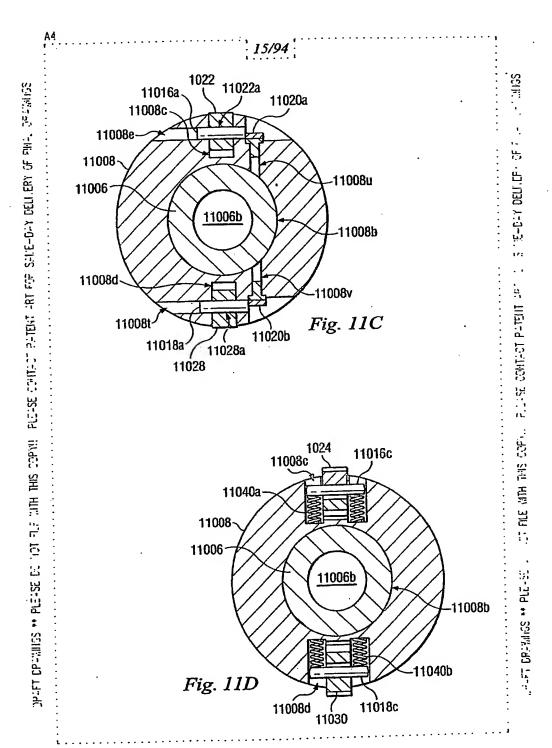
SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWNGS 띥 CONTACT PATENT ART PLEASE FILE WITH THIS COPY!! NOT 8 ** PLEASE DRAFT DRAWINGS

25791.253



en and the second secon

25791.253



して 物質の 会の理事が

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

E0 NOT

Betand ** SOUNTED Israel

S-1,E-3.1-8

PLEASE COM

بىر 1.

FO HOT

. E-SE

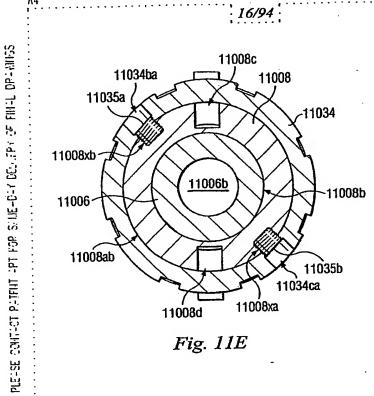


Fig. 11E

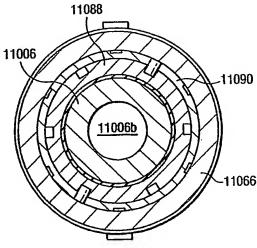
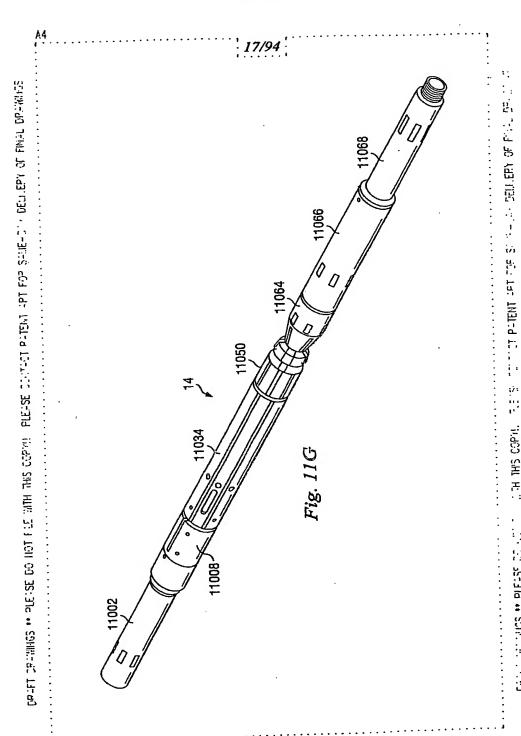
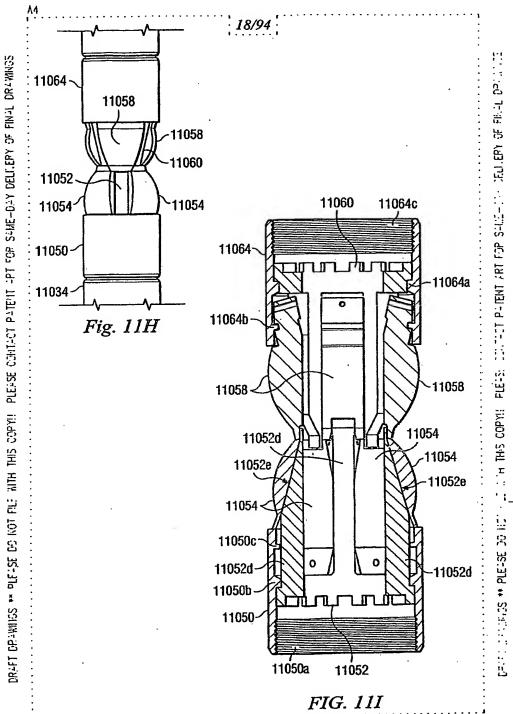


Fig. 11F

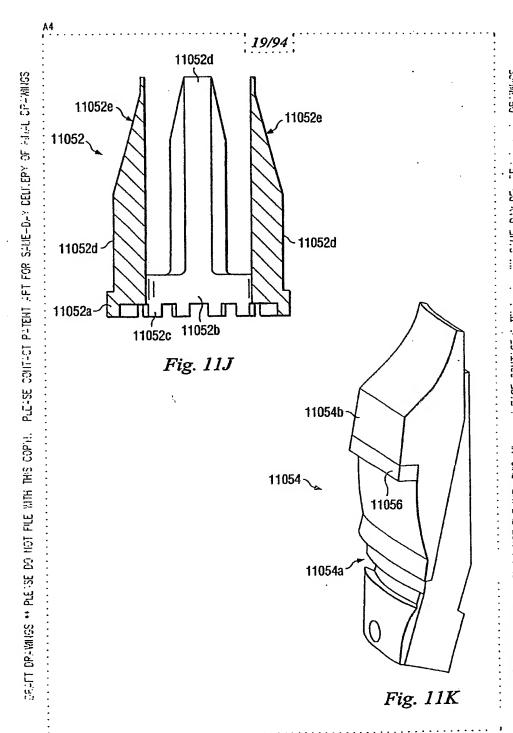
25791.253



TH THIS COPIN. Carrian Mids ** PLEUSE Consulta

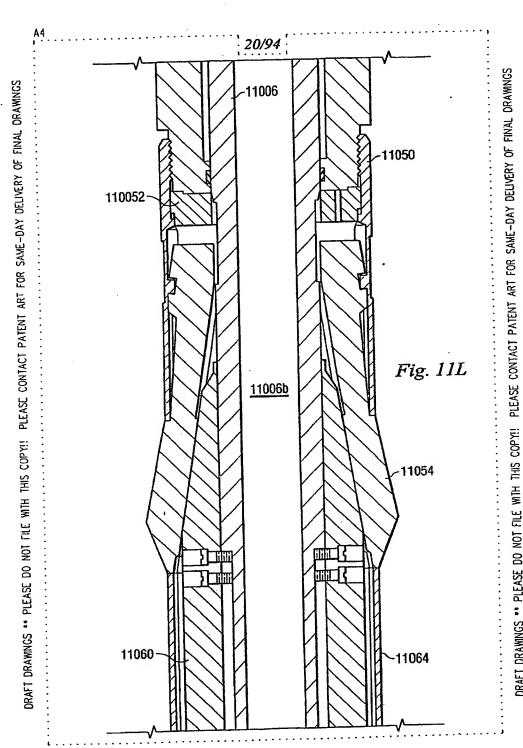


The second section of the second seco



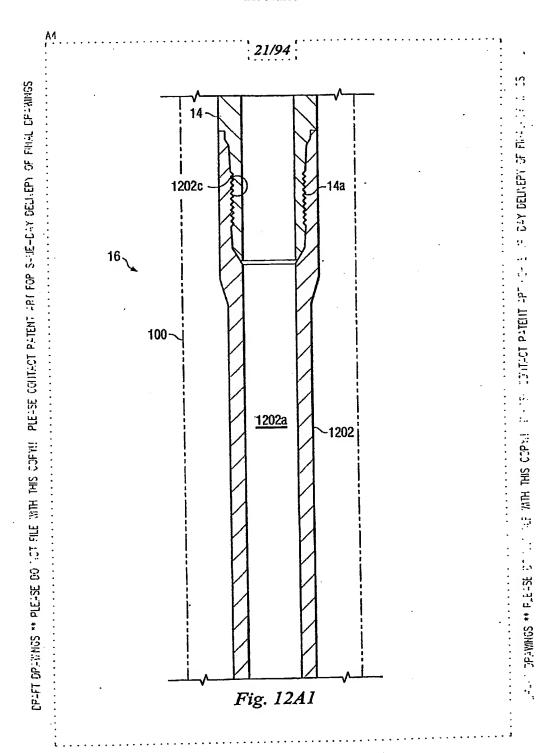
TELSE COUTTO P. IF. TO HOT PLE MIN THS 11 **. CRAFT OR WALLS **

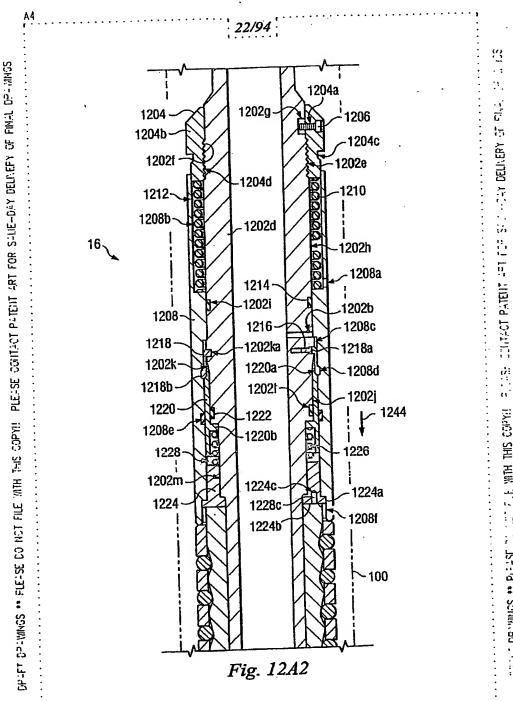
25791.253



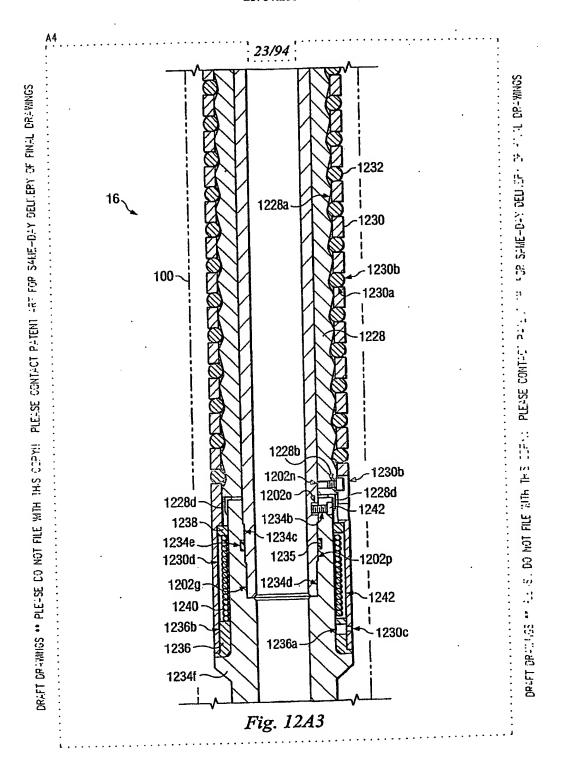
DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COP.Y!!

25791.253



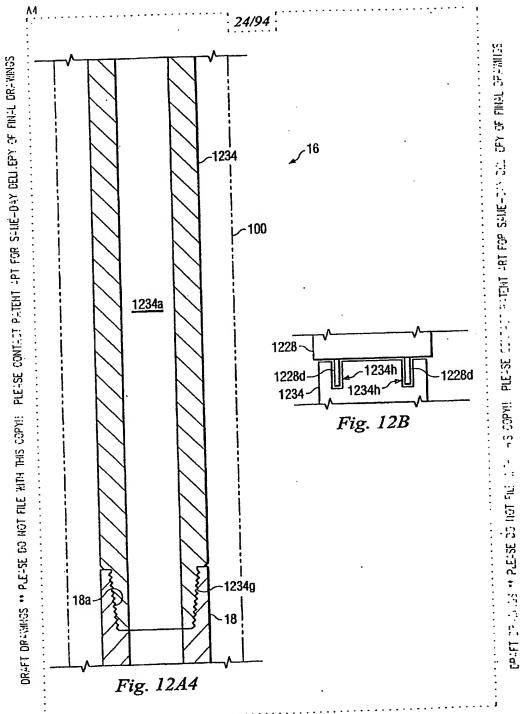


(/: ::: () F. F. WITH THIS COPY!! TO DISTRIBUTE ** PLEASE TO THE

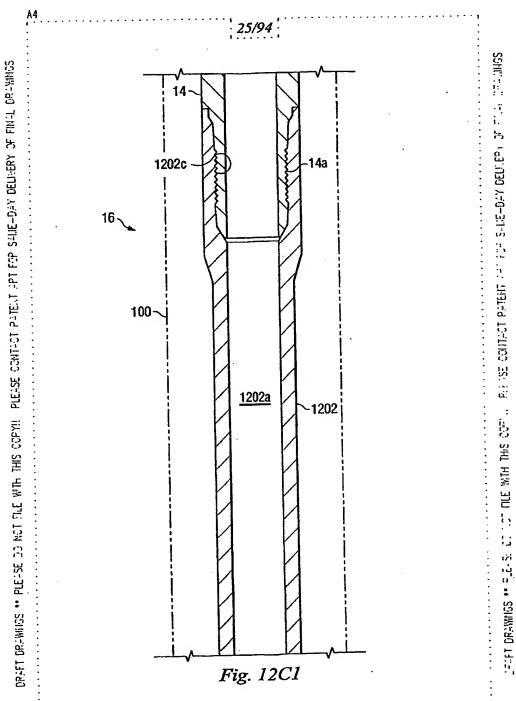


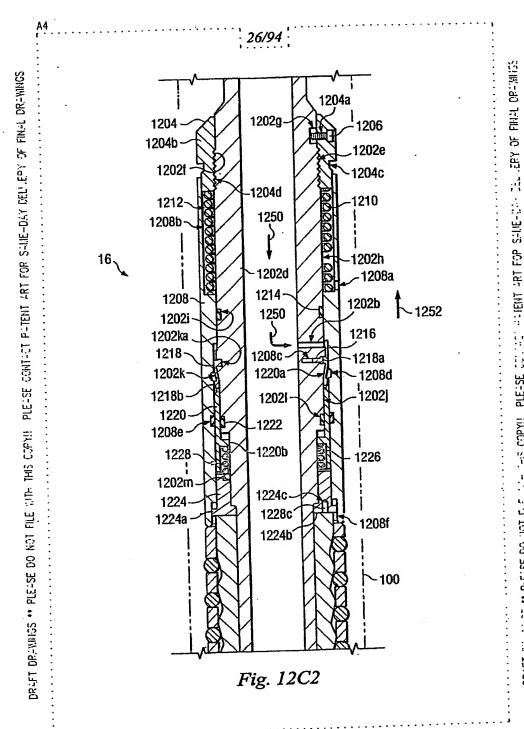
The second secon

:

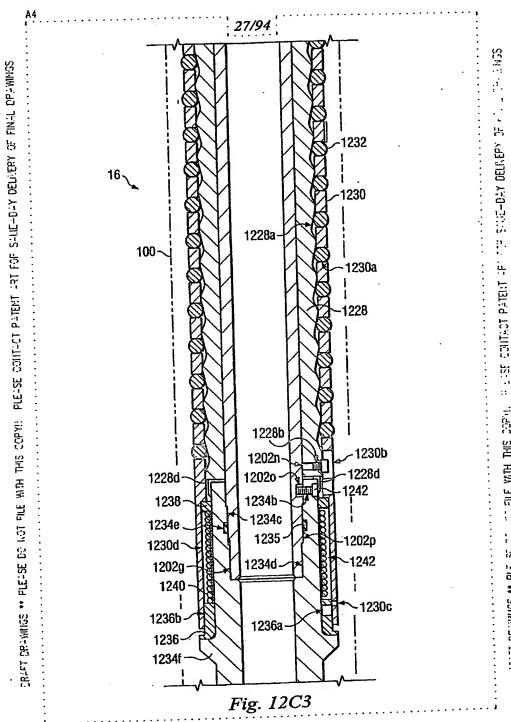




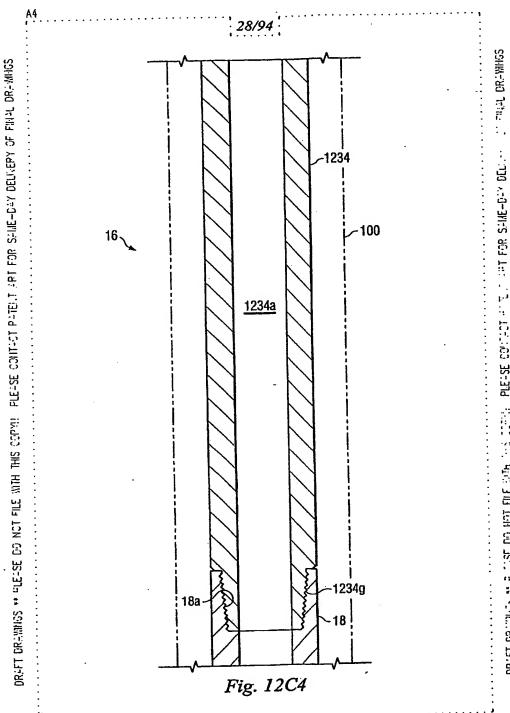




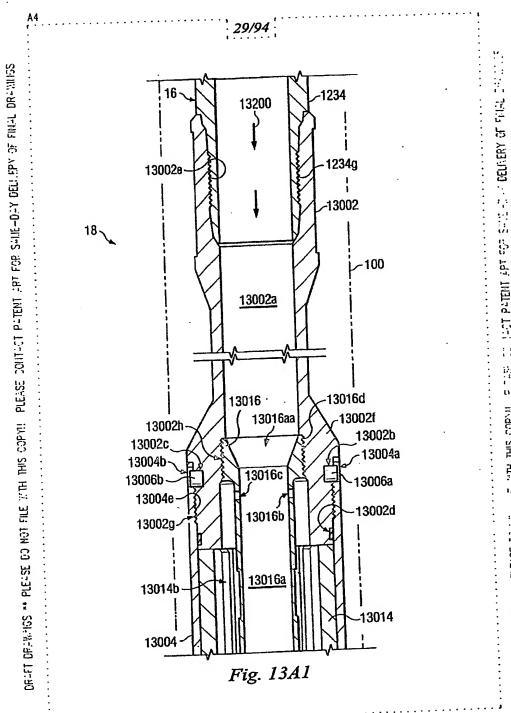
STENT SET FOR PLE-SE iikdco si-. ET LOI. DRIFT CHANGE ** PLEASE DO



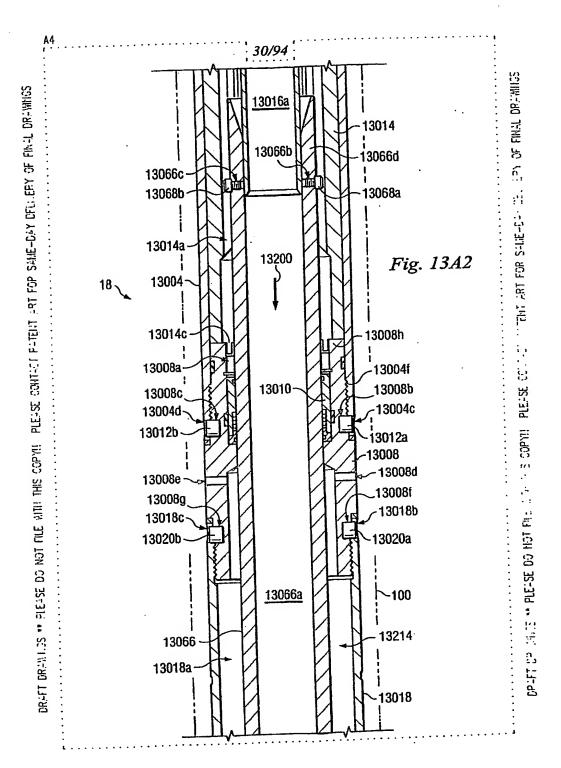
177 :: THE WITH THIS COPPLE ::::T DELWINGS ** PLE-SE

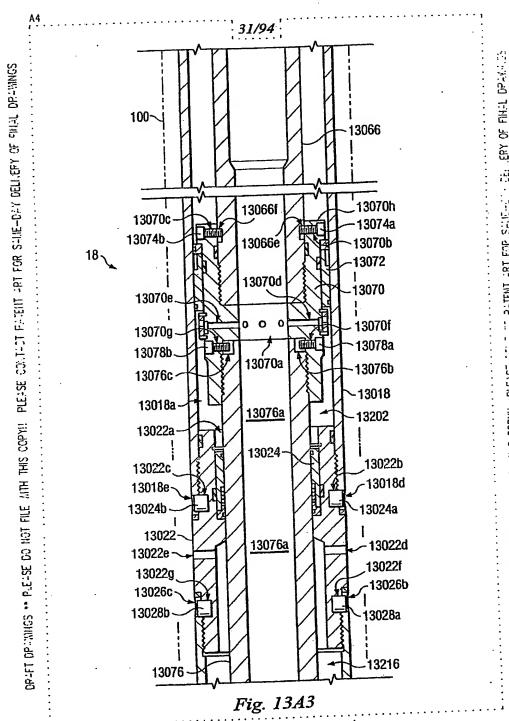


PLE-SE CO:T-CT DRAFT CPUMICS ** PLOSE DO NOT FILE MAY 118 COPIA

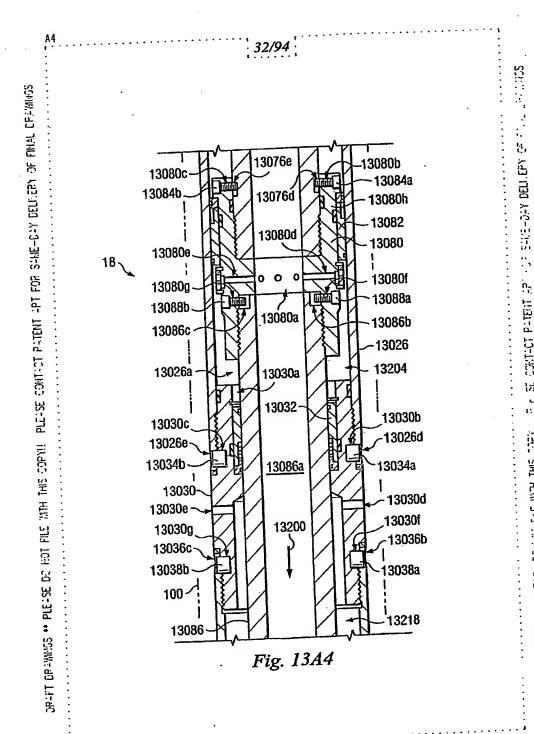


LOT PATENT HE WITH THIS COPY! Ter MINGS ** PLESSE 31

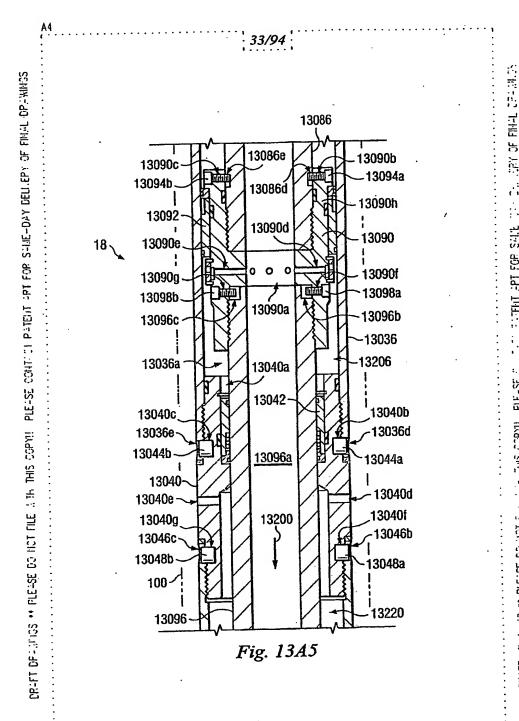




. FP. ; i.i · [中国][5] -RT > TENT PLEASE IFS COPY!! 135 ** PLE-SE 00 1.01 7.4 Theil Lat 60

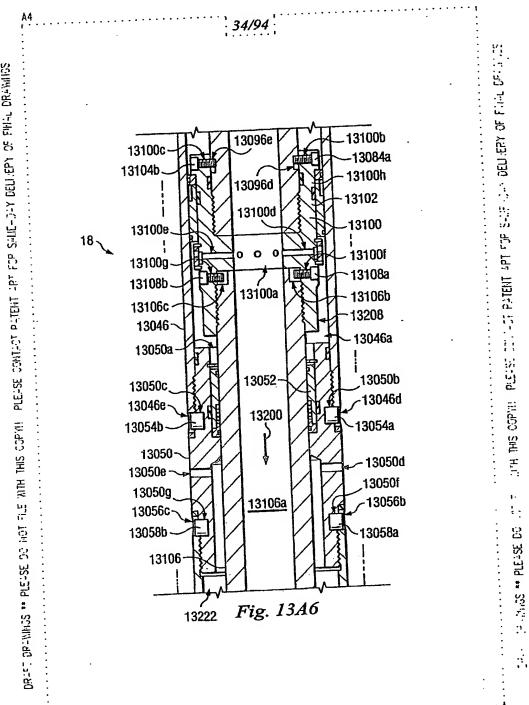


CONTLCT PATENT H CT FILE WITH THIS COPY. ; ; STITE ** SOMETHOLES



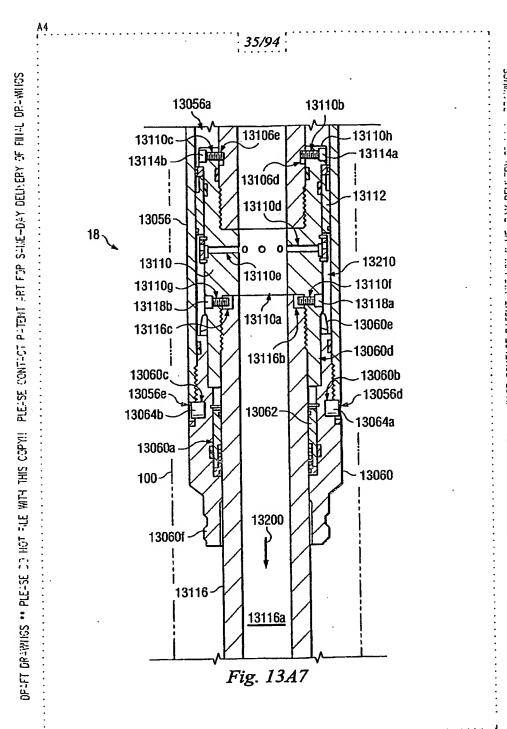
S.... THE FOR PLE-SE FINS COPY!! 33 ** PLE-SE DO 101 F. **,

25791.253



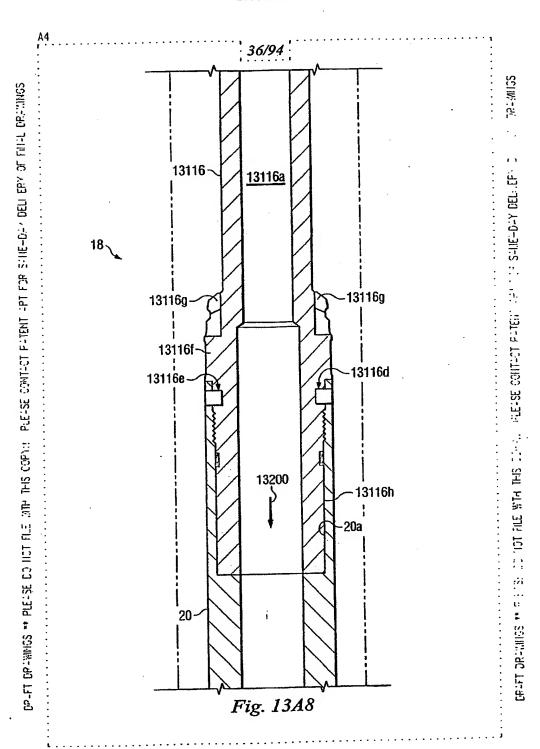
THS COPYE Ξ.



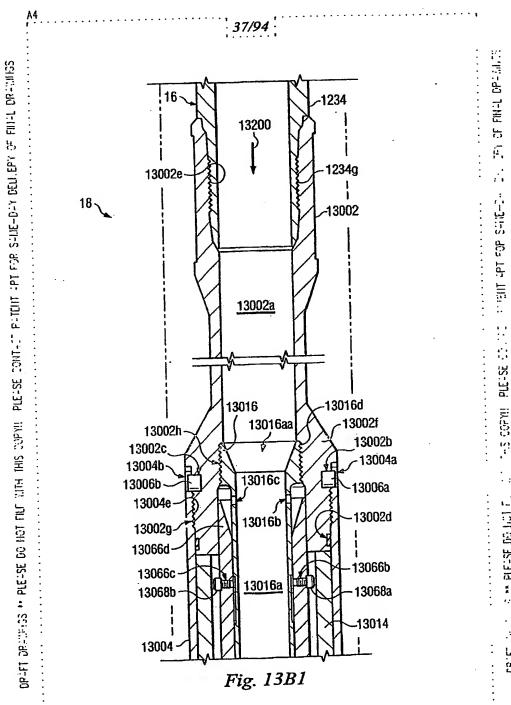


CPT FOR SHIELDAY DELIGIPY OF SE COUTACT PUTENT THE WITH THIS 175 # REPERT DRAWINGS

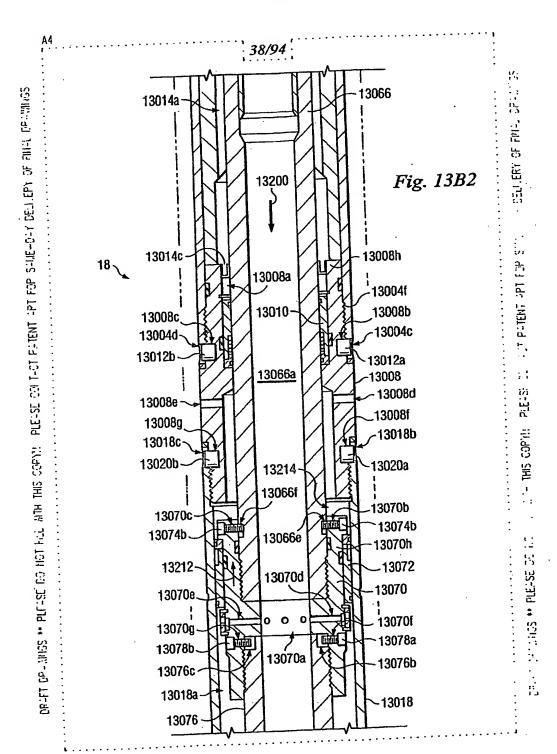
25791.253



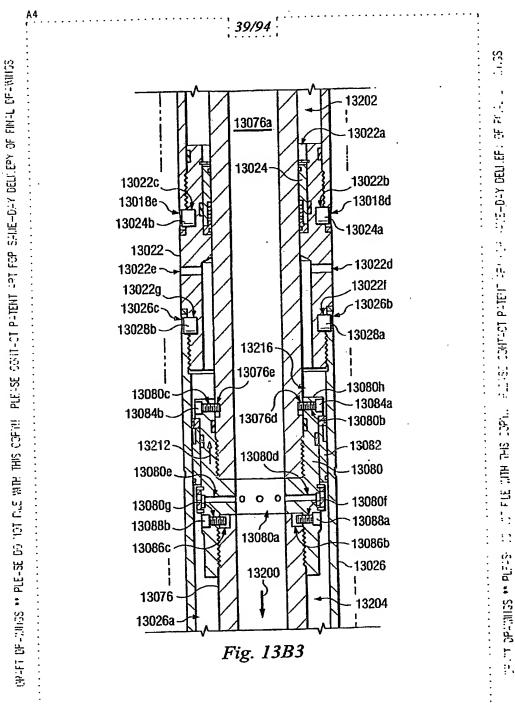
25791.253



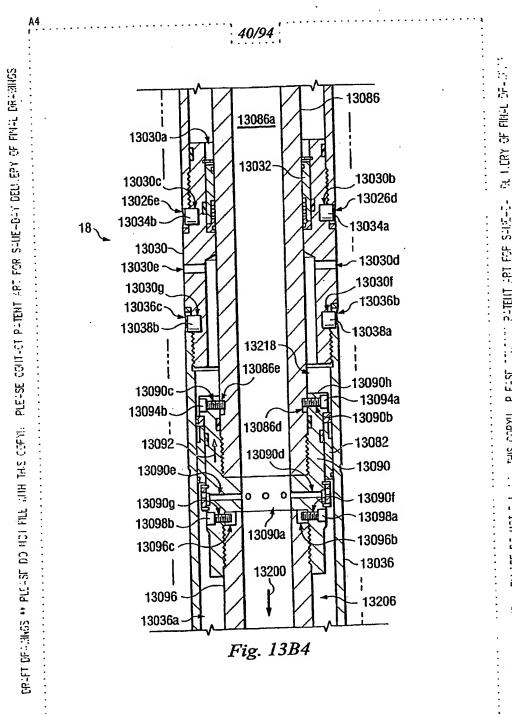
a ** PLE-SE 00 1,01 F.



25791.253

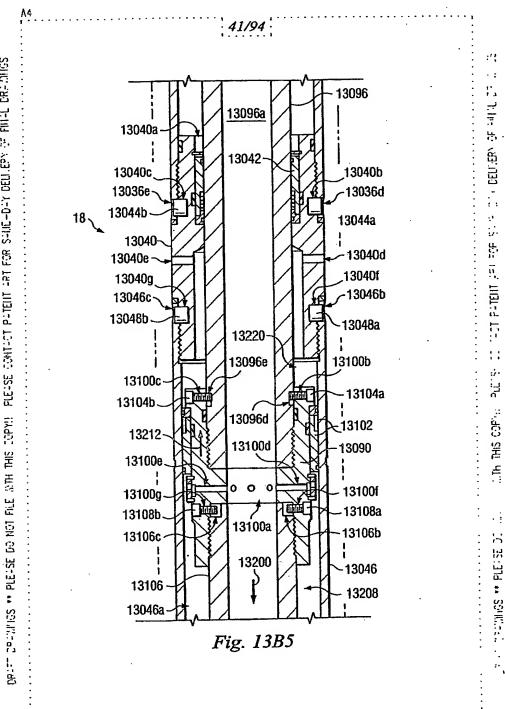


25791.253

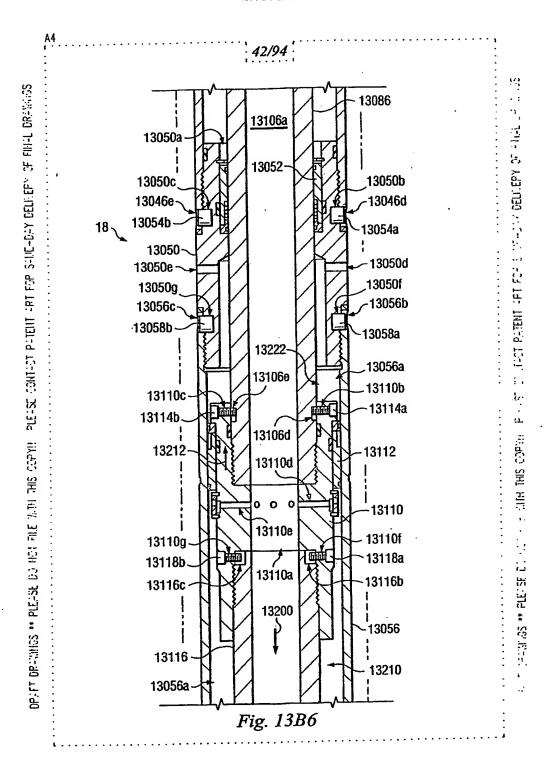


PUTERIT ART FOR SHELLE P_E-SE COPY!! <u>=</u> S 3F-77c \$ (*)

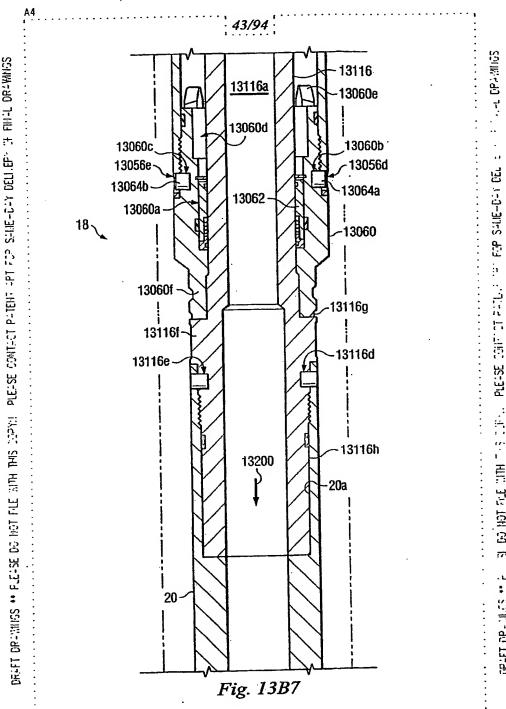
25791.253



子III :: PLEUSE CONTUCT PUTELIT ART FOR SHICHDAY DELL.



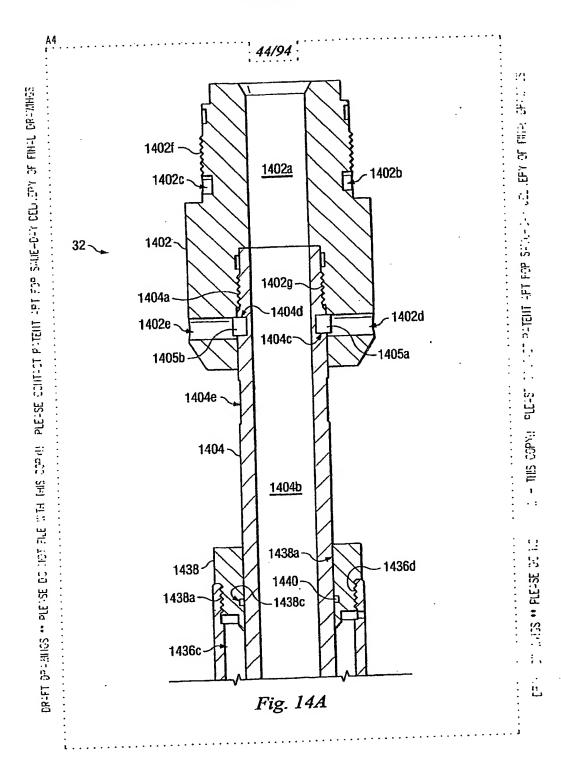
.

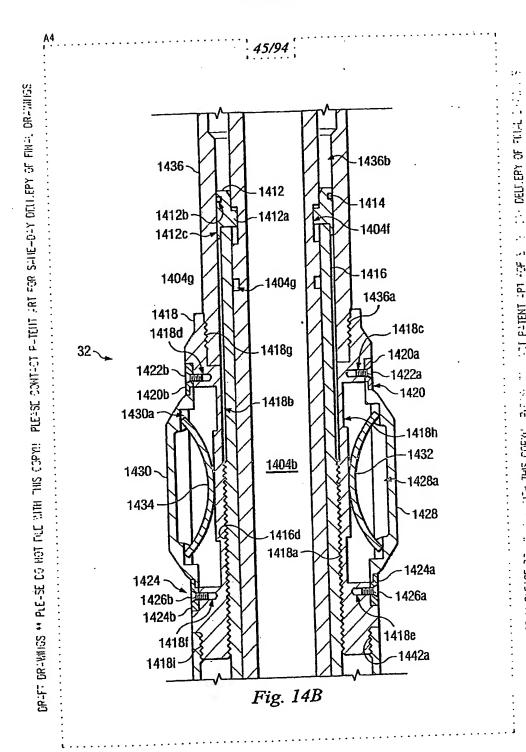


ESTROT FLE UITH THE TABLE. PLFT OP LILES

The second secon

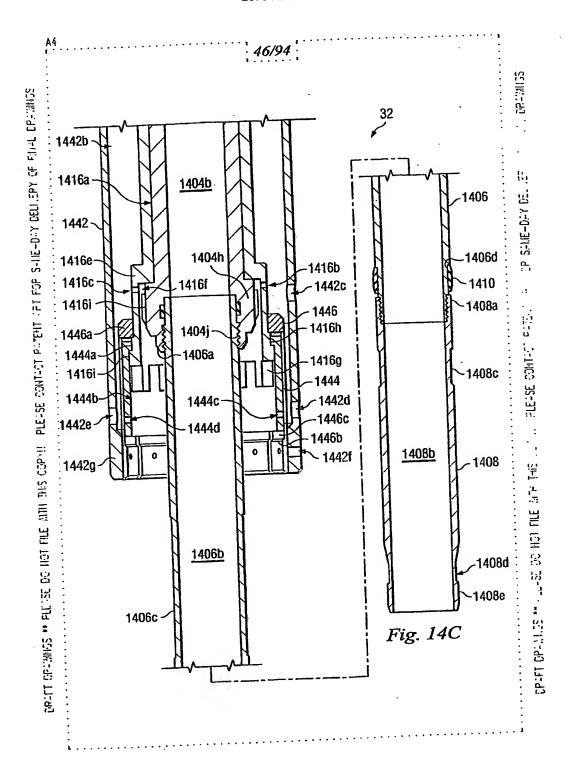
25791.253

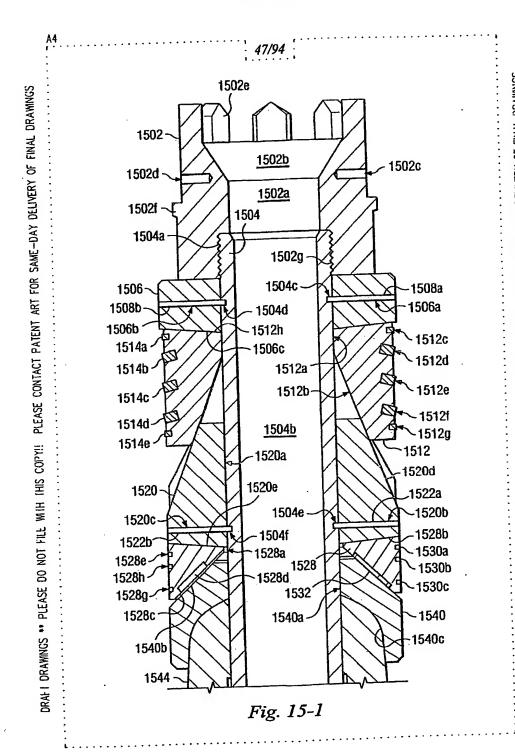




+ <u>.</u> P-TENT . . : L. JITA THIS COFFE! 13 3S-37H ** SOFFICE

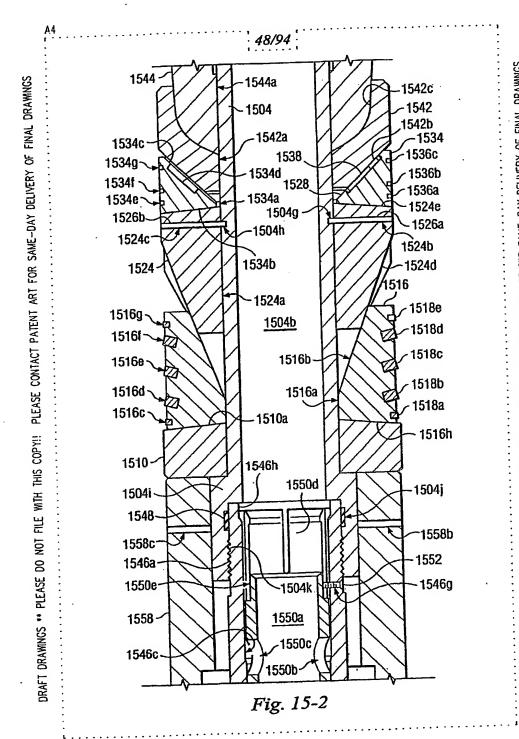
25791.253



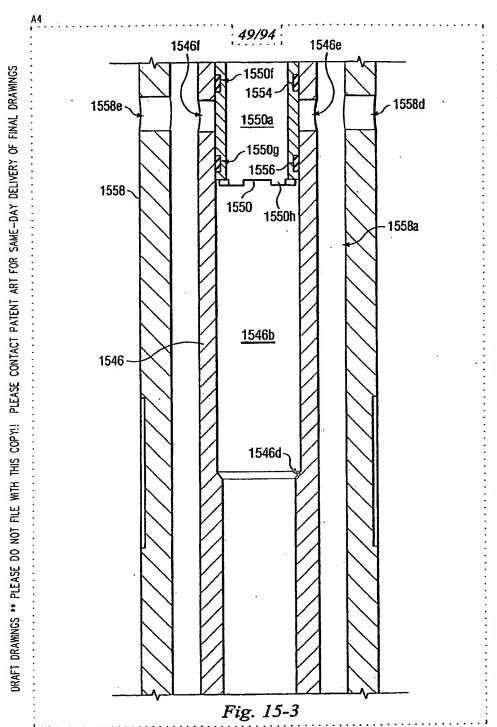


PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS THIS COPY!! 上三 DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE

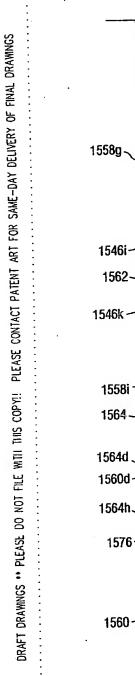
The second secon

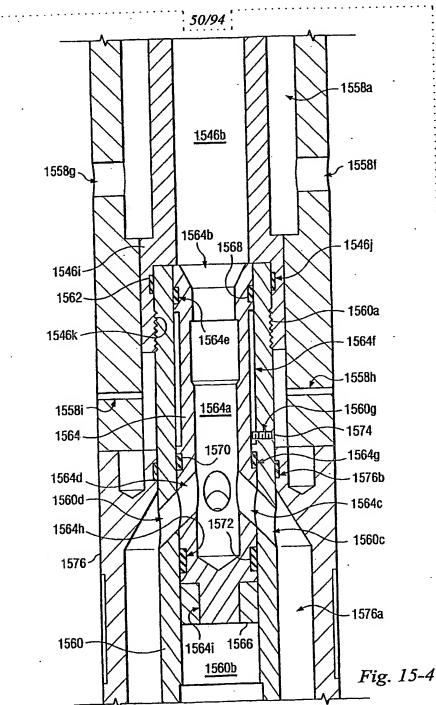


PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!!

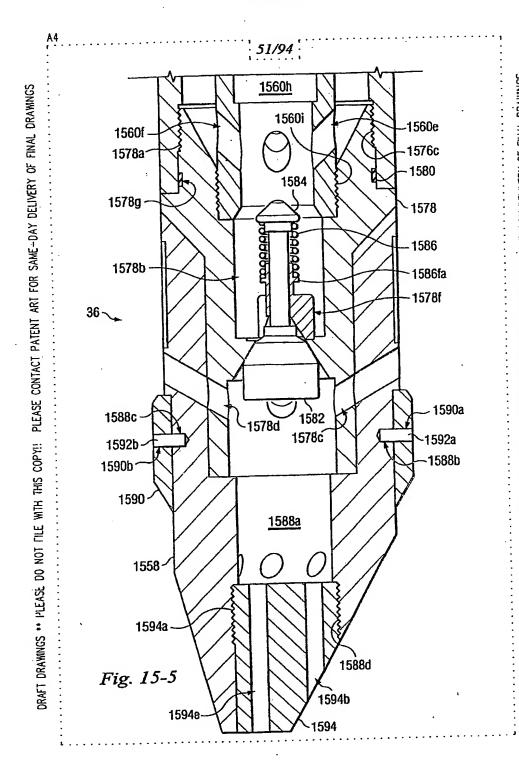


DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!! PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS



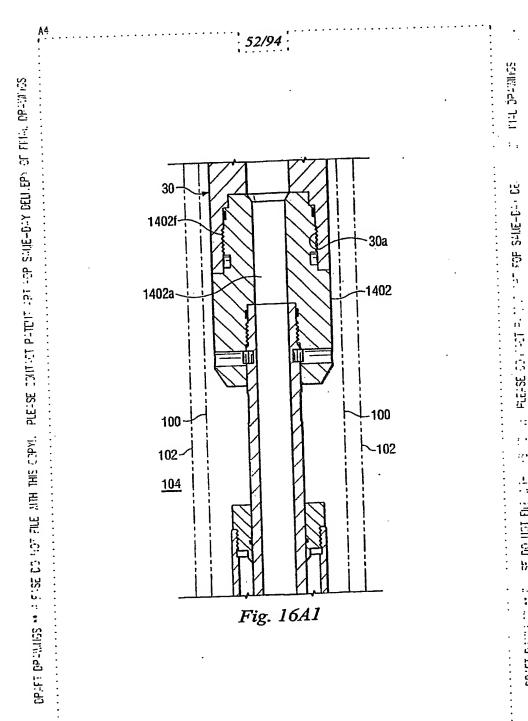


PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WITH THIS COPY!!



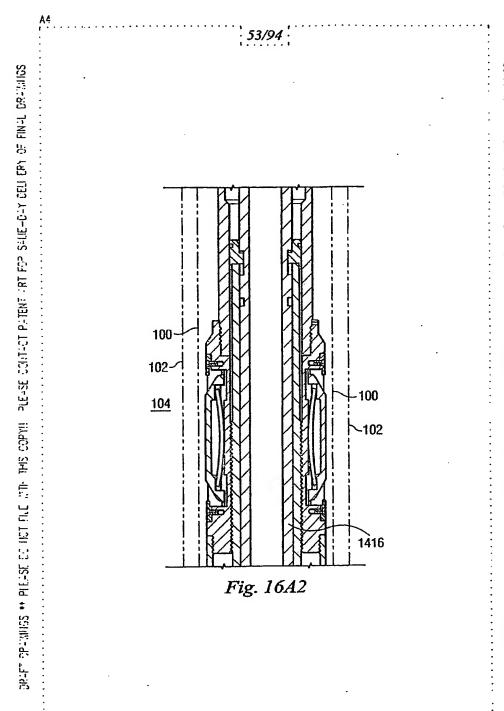
DRAFT DRAWINGS ** PLEASE DO NOT FILE WIH THIS COPY!! PLEASE CONTACT PATENT ART FOR SAME-DAY DELIVERY OF FINAL DRAWINGS

25791.253



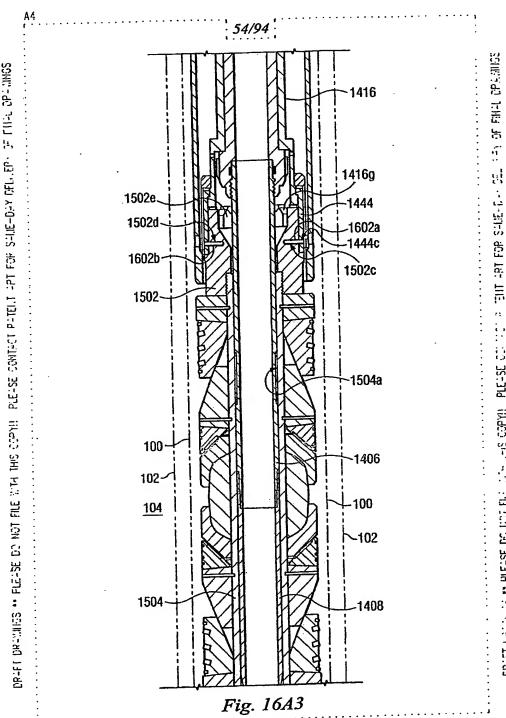
DO HOT FILE Entlinend Lita

25791.253



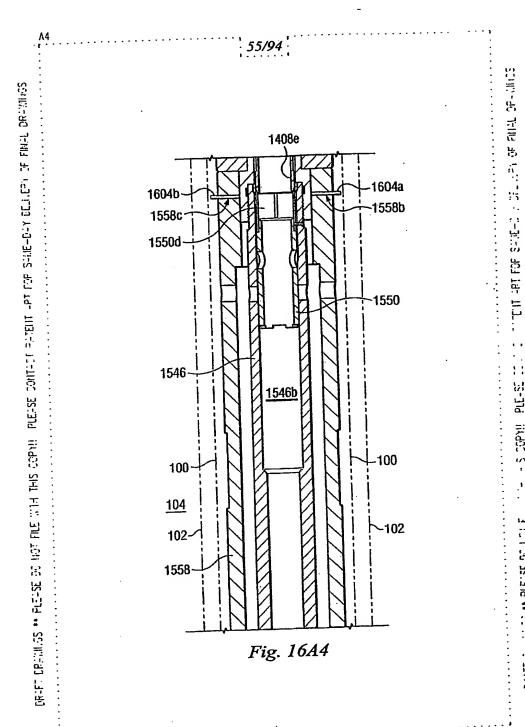
TS: The ** SSIIICED 14:--

25791.253

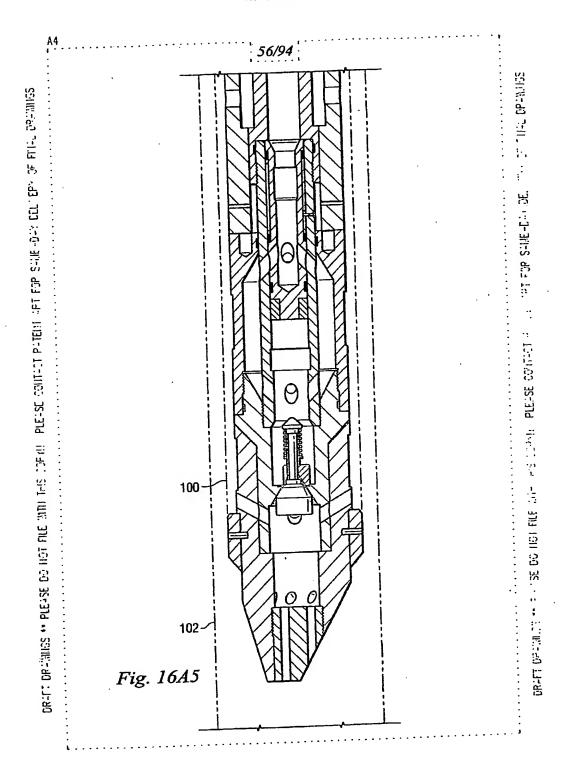


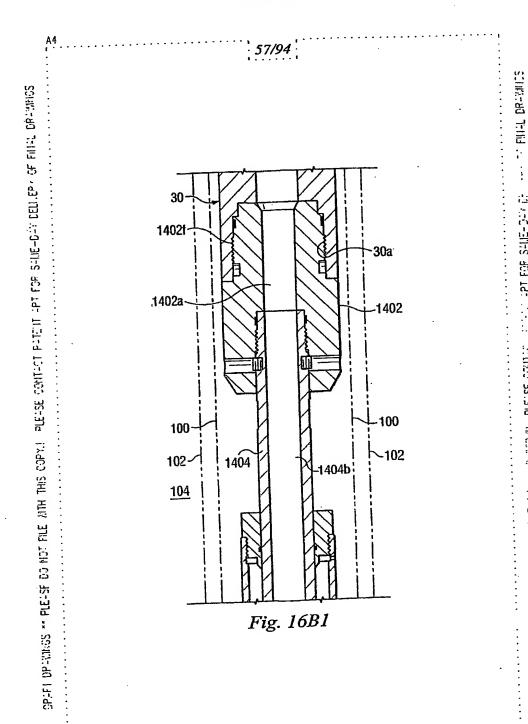
PLESSE CO THE COPY THE LOT OF BOARD ** TO

25791.253



PLE-319 1113 ** PLEUSE 50 101 FL



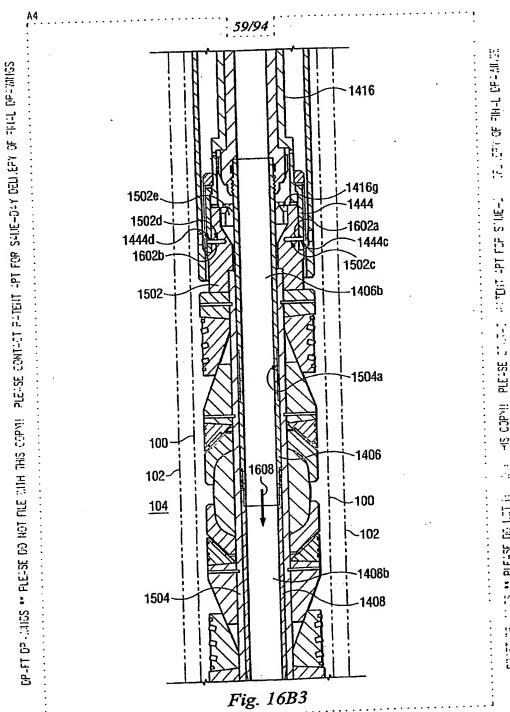


TO ALCOUNT FOR SAUE-DAY OF THIRD BETSE COUNTY DRIFT DEVIATE ** SELECT BOOK NOT FLET TAIN

OPERT OPERMICS ** PLEESE CO NOT FILE WITH THIS COFFLE. PLEESE CONTECT PETENT LOT FOR SALE-DRY DELICERY OF FILLE OPERMICS.

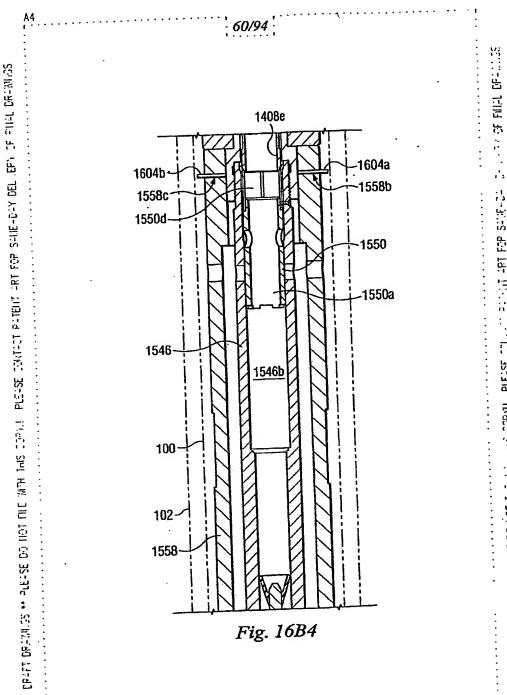
25791.253

25791.253



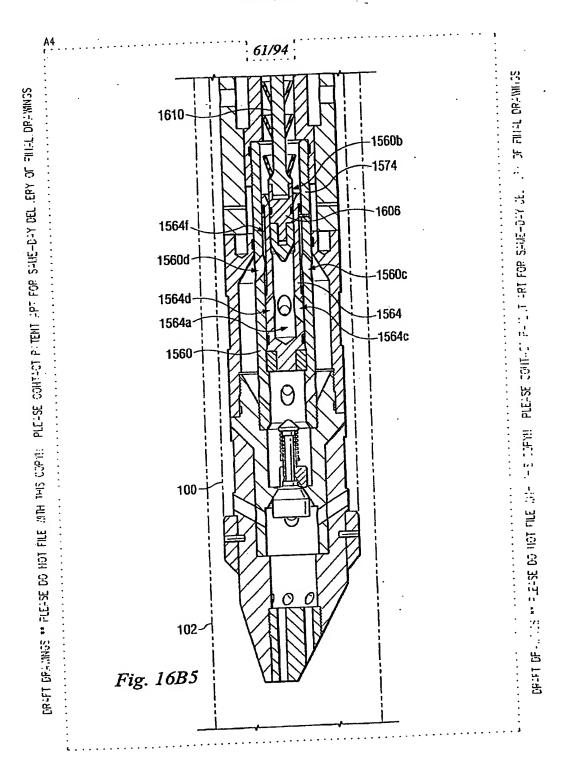
** PLEASE DO 1.0T is

25791.253

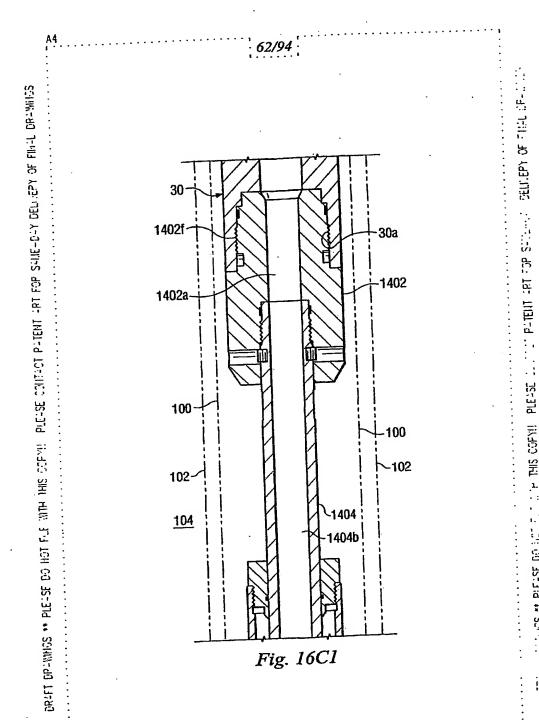


AS COPAL PLEASE COLLECT FOR ANY PRI FOR post calling a purse of for fue

25791,253



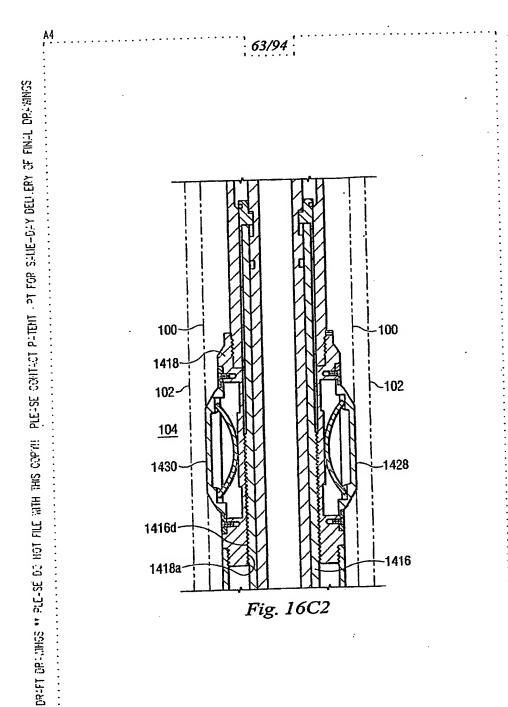
25791.253



I 'F THIS COFY!! _CT 00 BS:BTd ** SSFTTT:

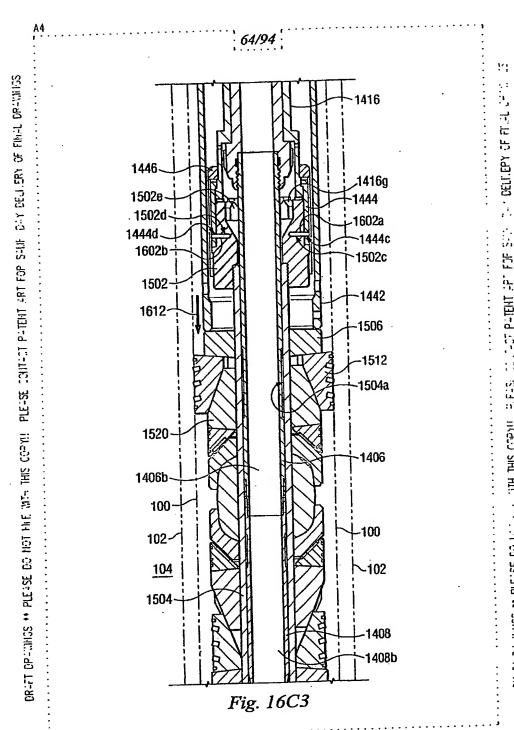
Ė,

25791.253



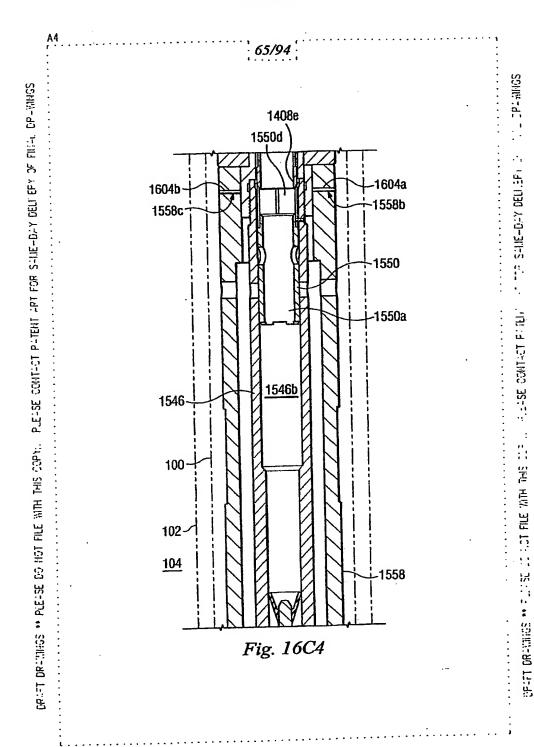
FOR SHIELDAY DELIFE PLEASE CONTICT FIT. THE WITH THE CONTRACTOR DRIFT DRIMINGS **

25791.253

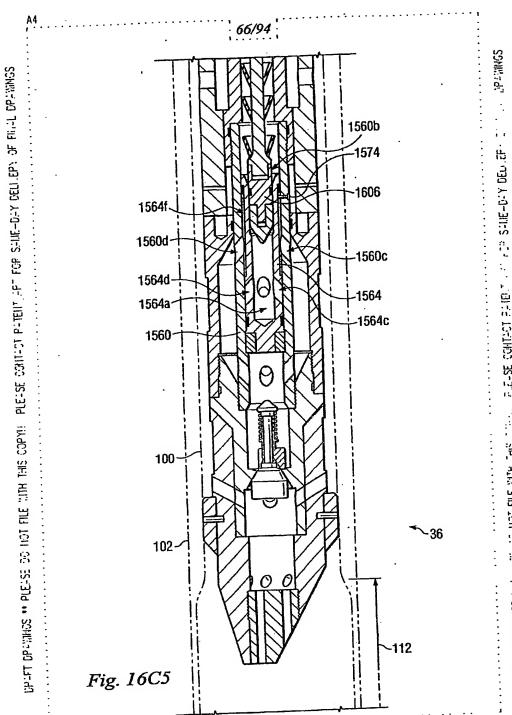


THE PLIENT PP. JITH THIS COPY!! THE STATES ** PRESE GO 11.1.

25791.253

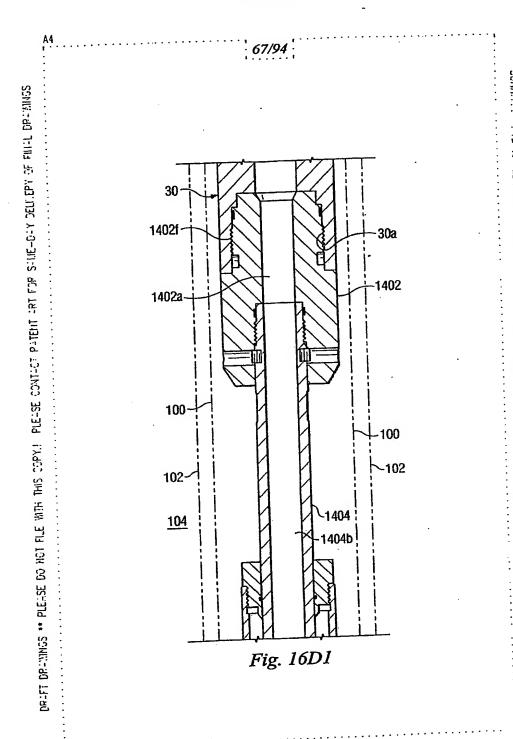


25791.253



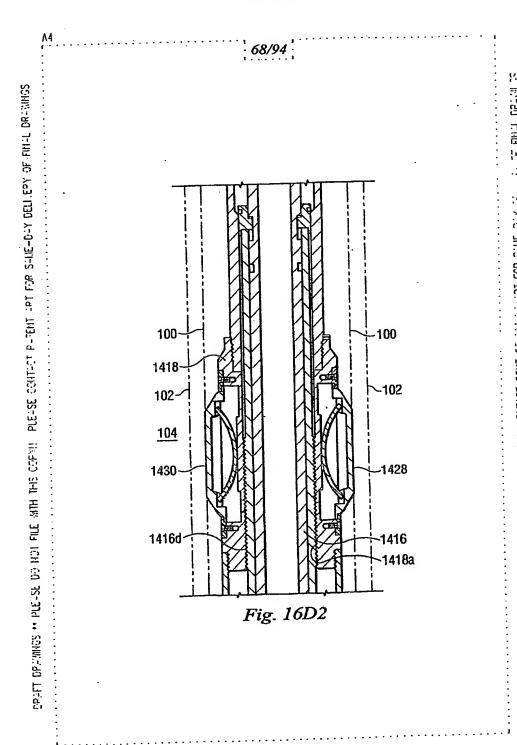
TIBLE TONING BUILD 20 110T FILE WITH THIS CPLFT CPLANES ** 1

25791.253



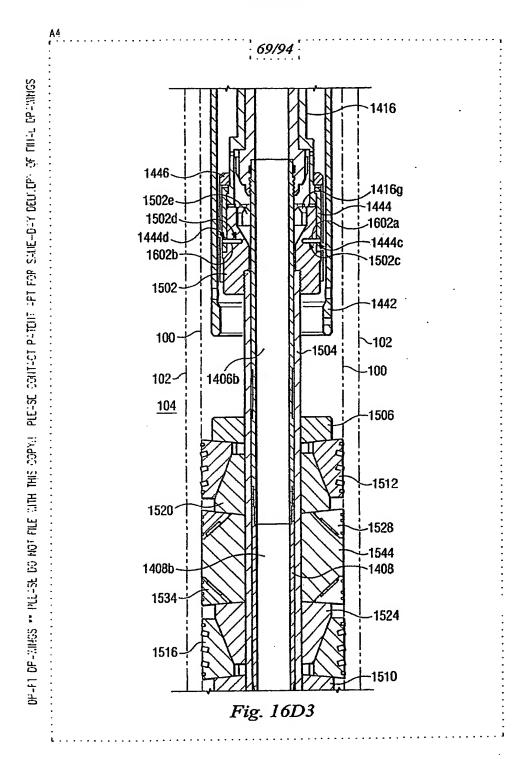
THE CONTROL PARENT THE SHIRE-BAY DENIED TO THE OF PILE WITH THIS COPY. SPILL DRIMMES ** FI

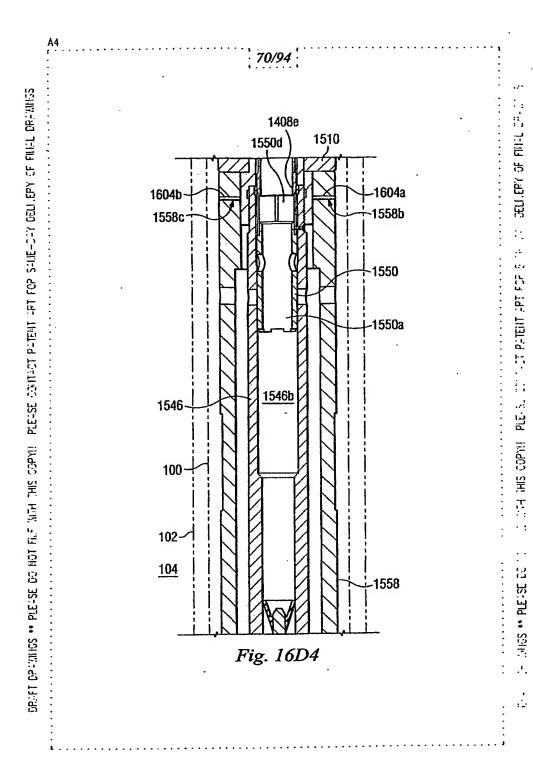
25791.253

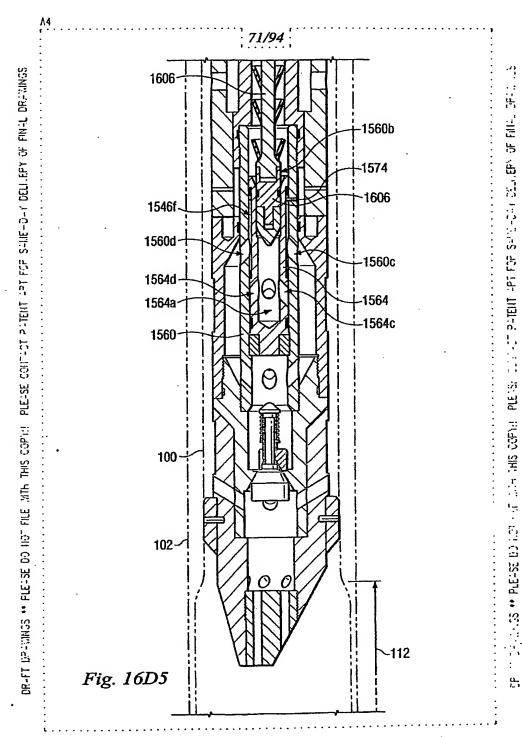


LAT FOR SHIE-3-Y LE. _CHENOR BREATH (INHOC) SHOWERS TO NOW GO BEFORE 🕶 STOCKED LAND

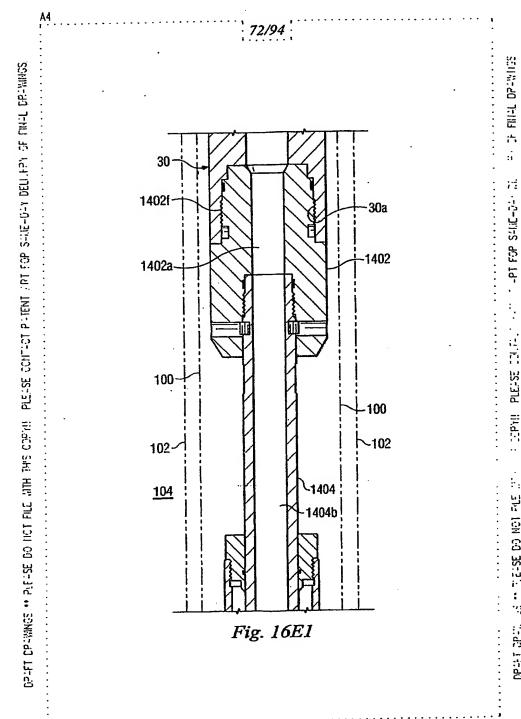
25791.253





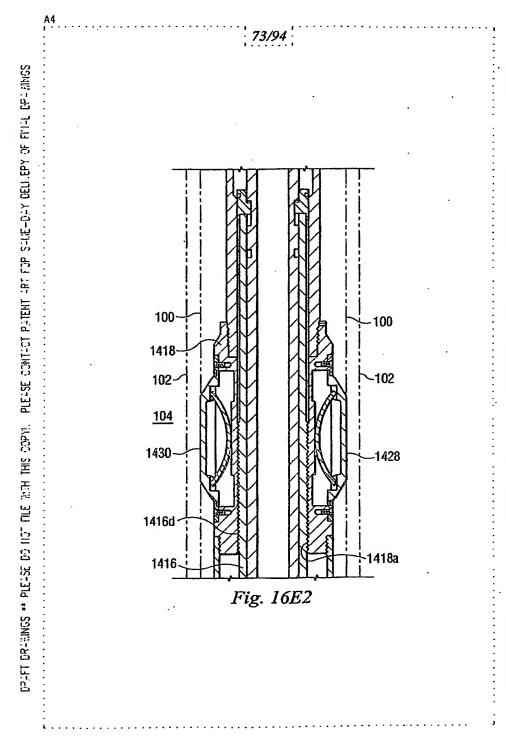


STEEL SCHOOL PIECE

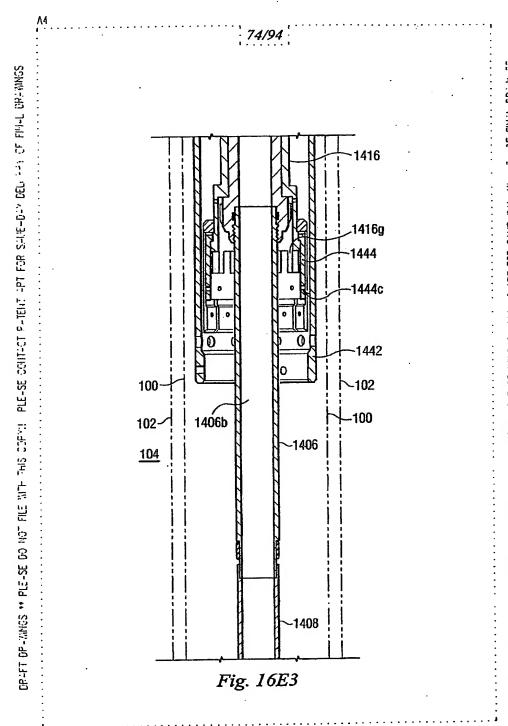


DP4-1 3P4

THE TON CO BETTE IN ST

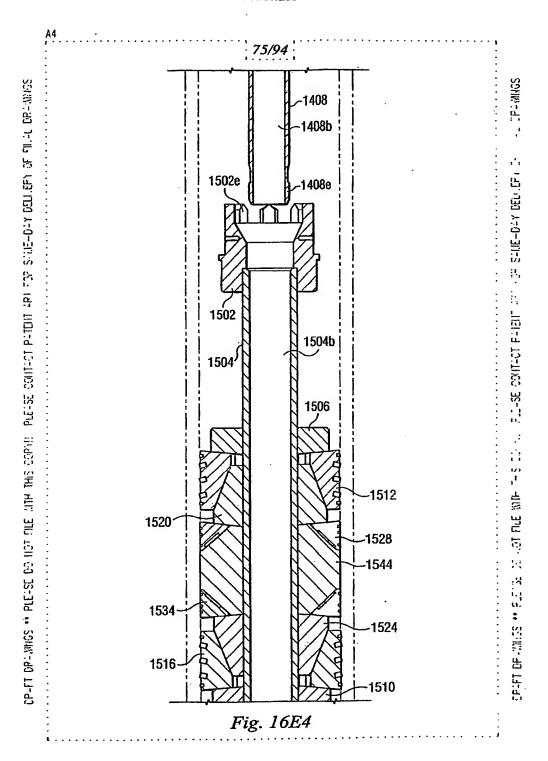


PEFT OPTAINES ** :

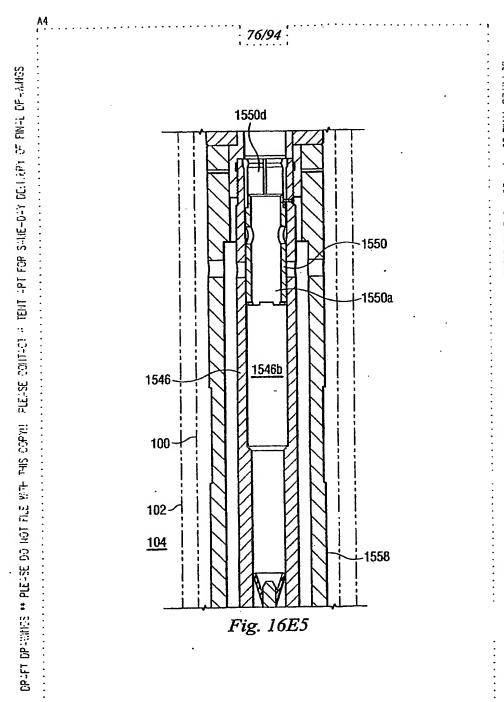


TRY FOR SHIELDH TOPY! PLESE CONT. -- 1E-3E 00 101 3E-31: ...

25791.253



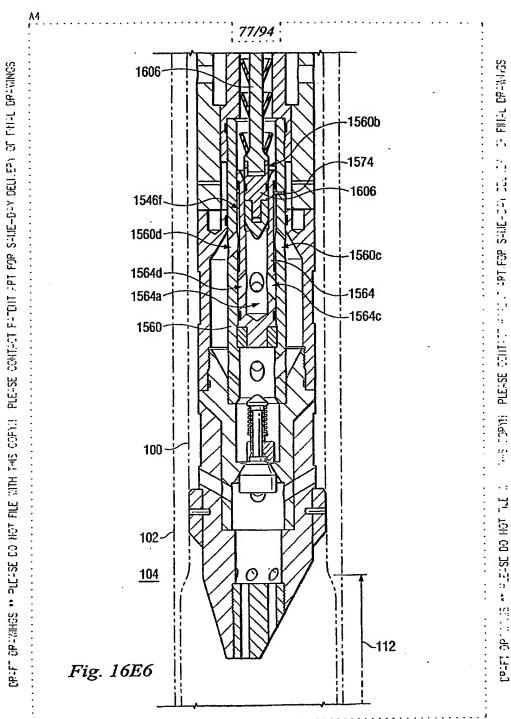
25791.253



PLE-SE TOIL CO BETSTA ** ST

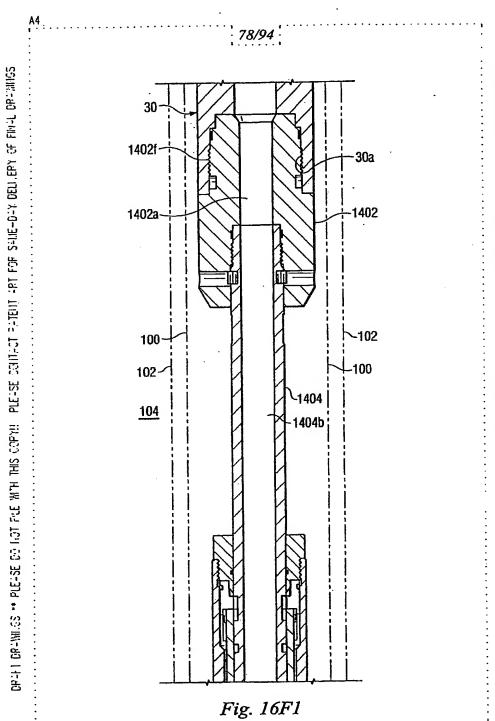
SP:rt >F

25791.253



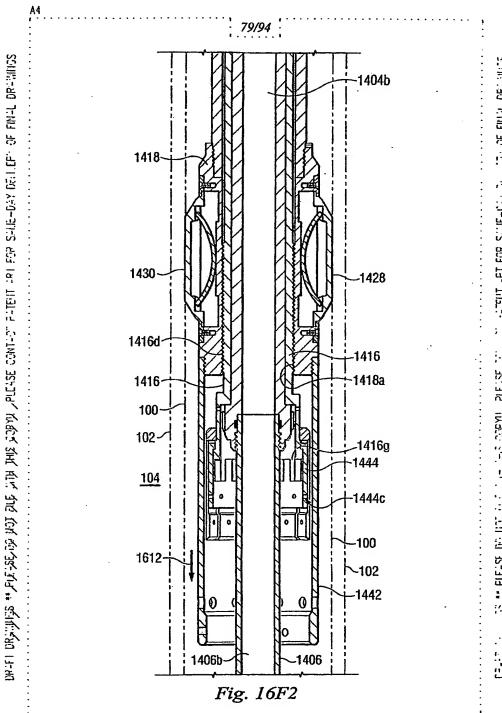
그 메드 마내니? The Lithier BERBE WHITE See TON CO INCIDENTAL

25791.253



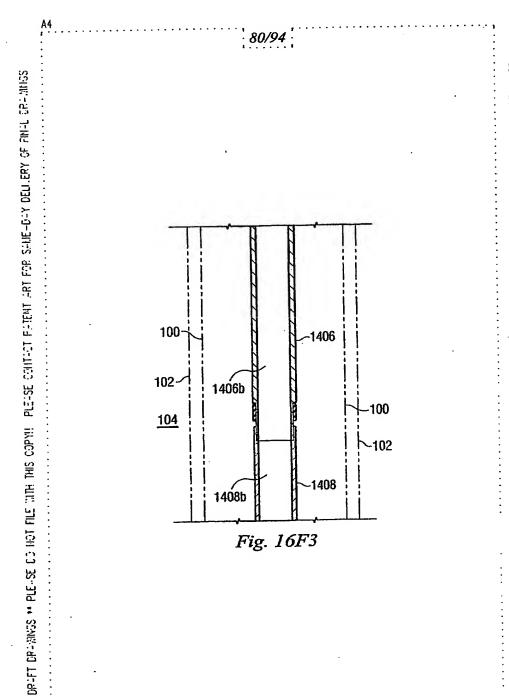
OF FIRST, DESCRISS THE THE FOR STIEN MET BESTAL BILAGO SHALES THE LONGO BESTATE OF

25791.253



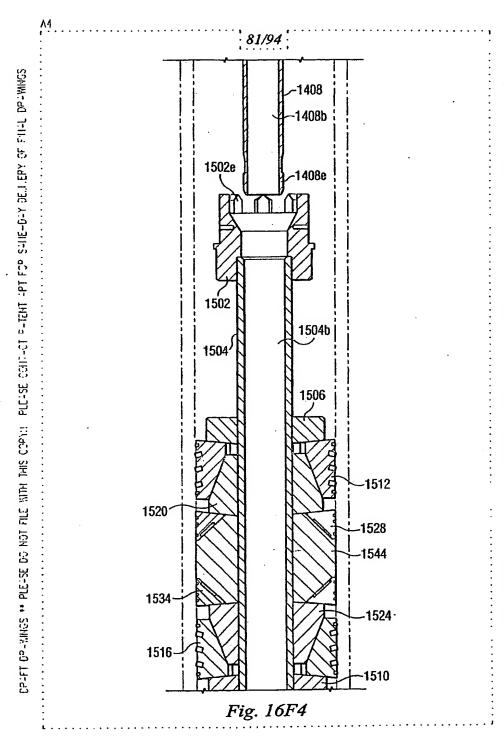
OF FILTS, OPERATOR - TEIT -FT FOR STIE-LT: HE SE SE PLE-SE DO 107 6.5

25791.253



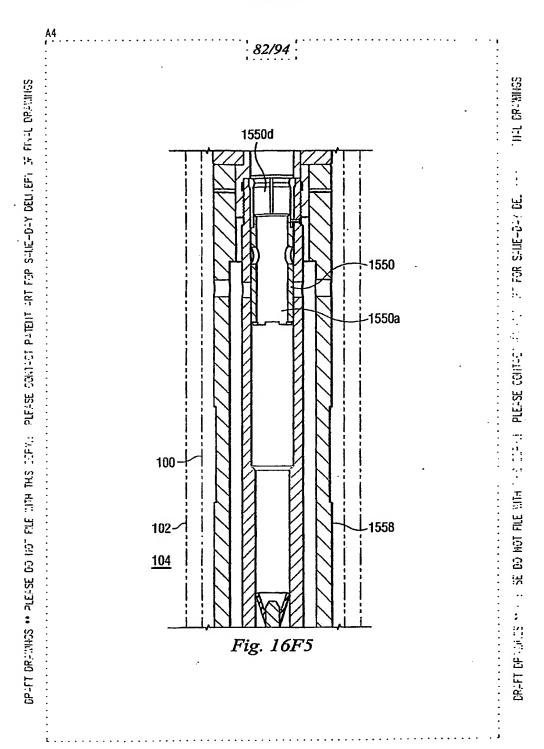
THE WITH THIS CHAT. ETBL ** SENETAL LT. ET

AN THE STATE OF TH

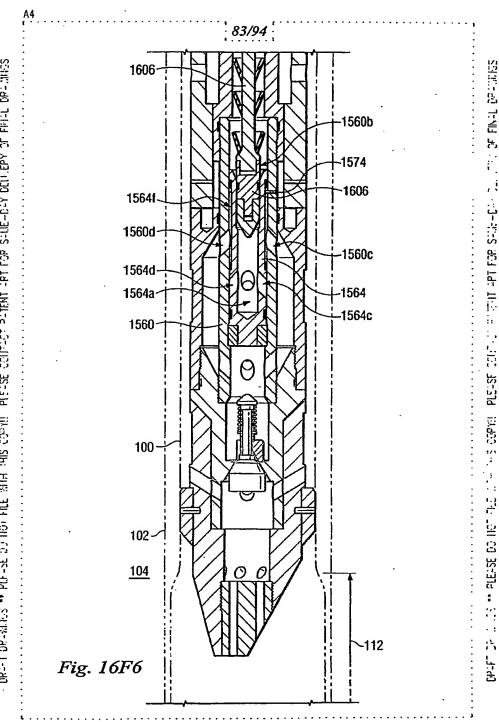


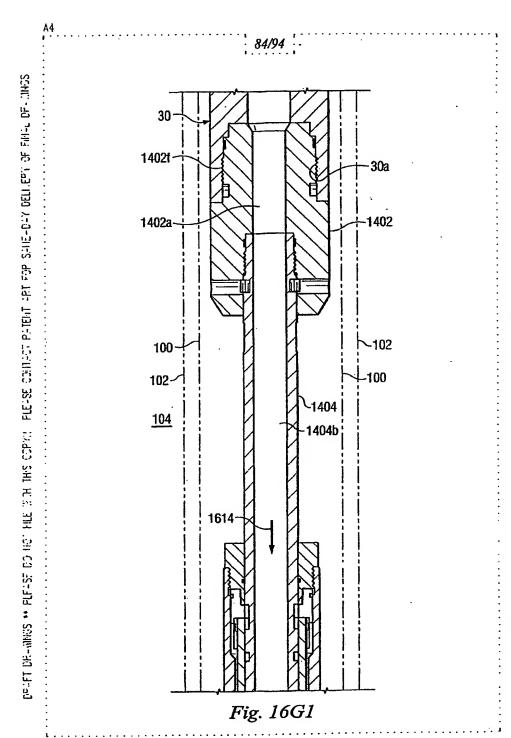
PUTEIN 191 FOR SUITAL PLEES THIS COPTII

25791.253



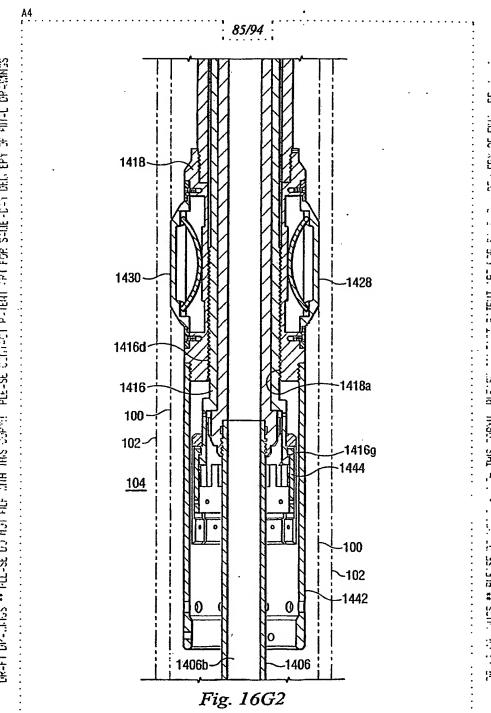
25791.253



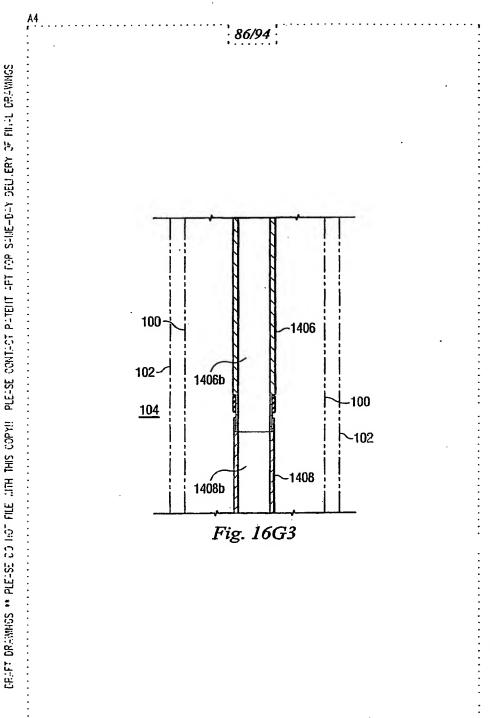


THEST PATERT FOR EXP THE THE COPY

25791.253

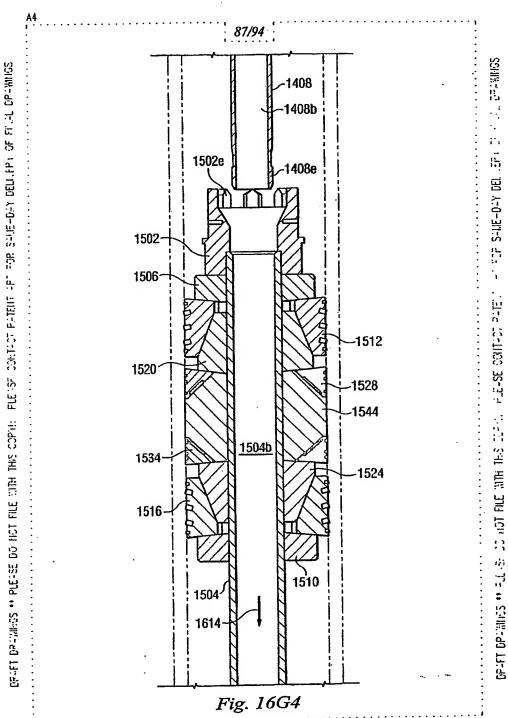


25791.253



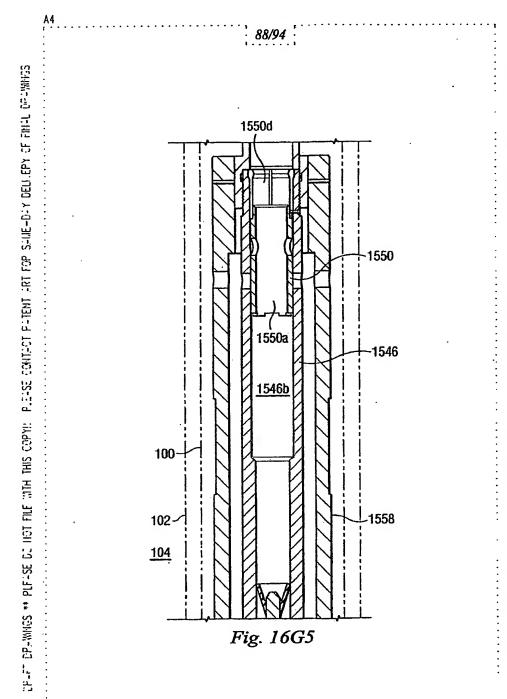
TO LEGE CONTACT PUTTING TO SOME COME DELIGING TO FLE NITH THS 2.75·: \overline{c} SPART DROWNESS ** P.E. SP

25791.253



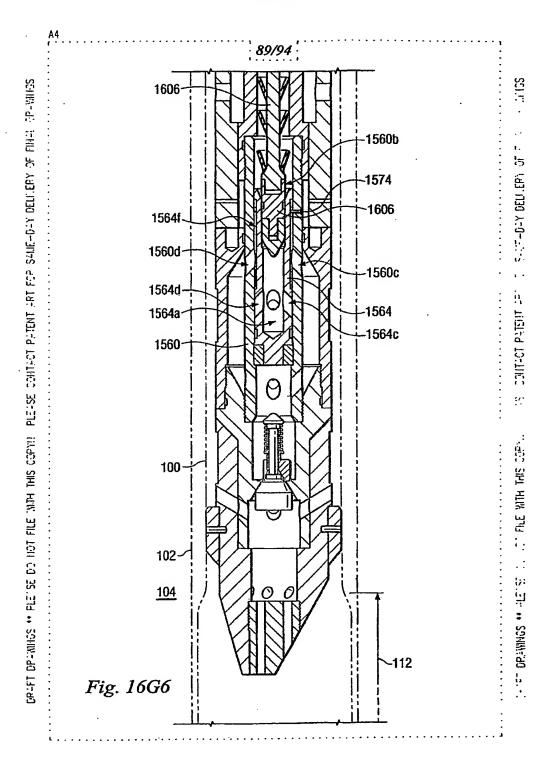
不是你不是是,

25791.253

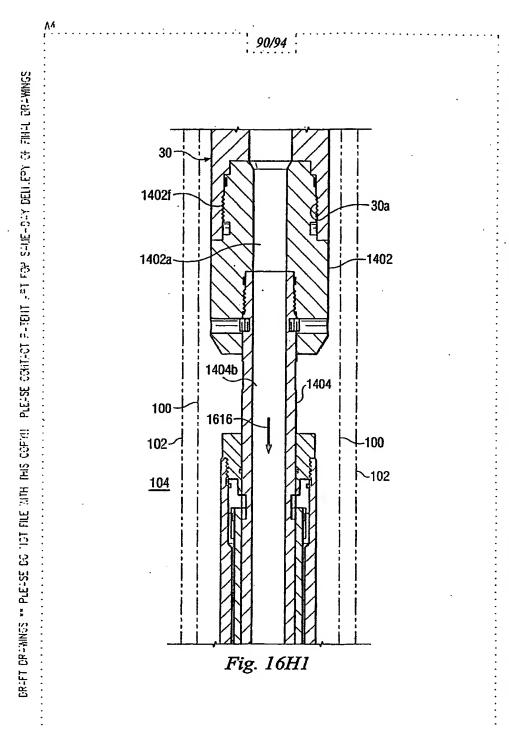


S5.₩. :: F. O.T DEU. Tet Milled Ichtlied -8-11. ALE 11TH THIS COFF... TOTAL ## SOUTHING TOTAL

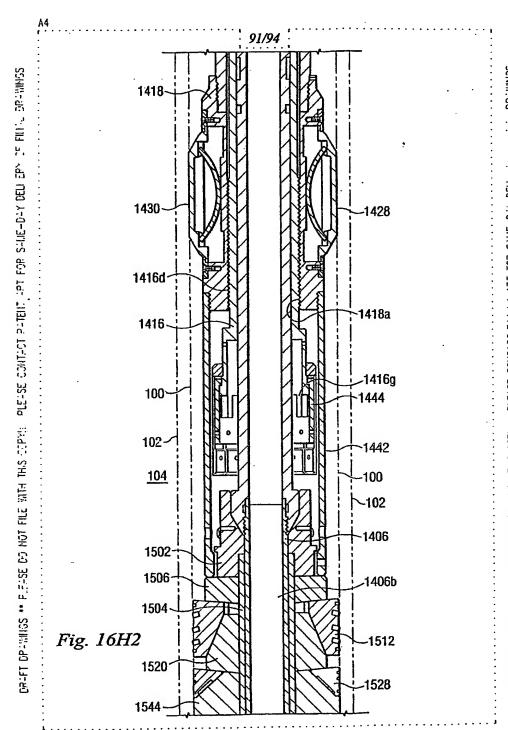
25791.253



25791.253

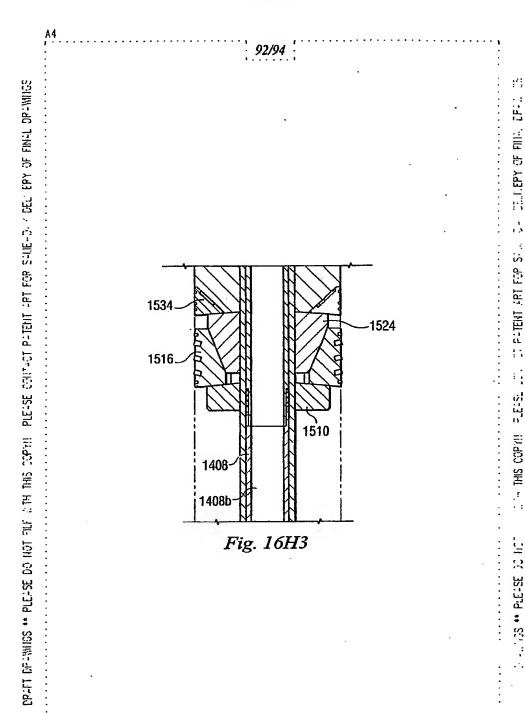


TECHNOLISING BOY 195 THE TOTAL PLE-SE 33:11:3 37.2 100 00 35t37c ** 851.71t40 1ttd0

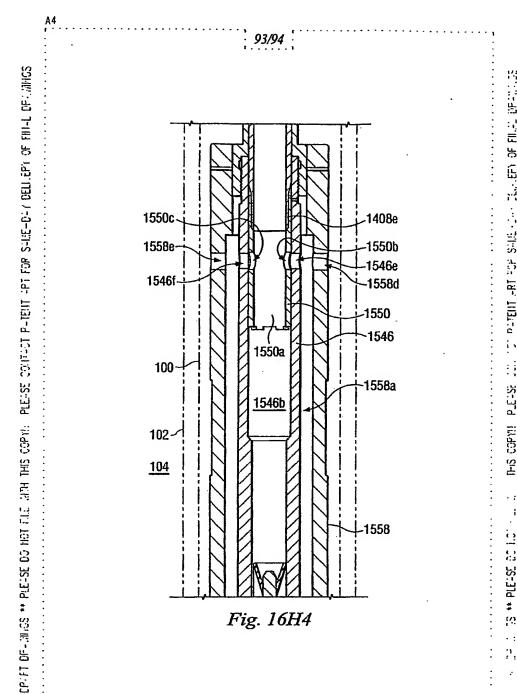


-- FOP SALE-0-> DEU --TEASE COUNTY SE 39 NOT FILE

25791.253

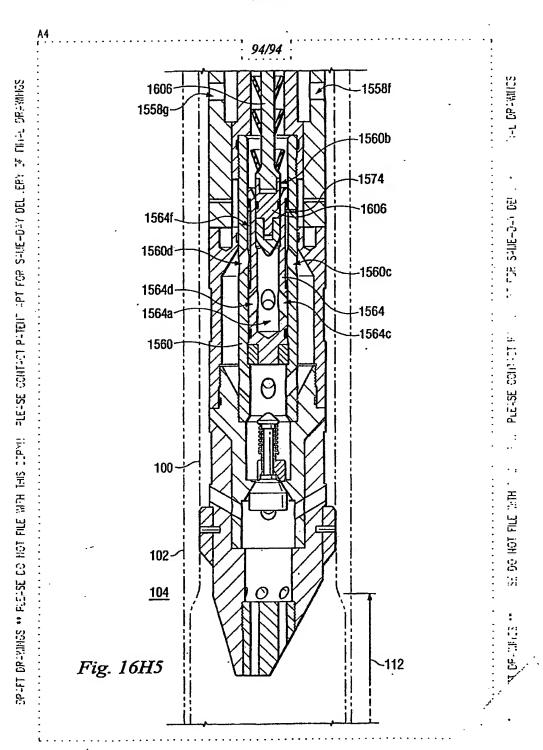


25791.253



TOUR OF PILET SPECIAL PETERIT PRINCES SHIELD P_E-S IFIS COPY! PLE-SE

25791.253



This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:
☐ BLACK BORDERS
☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.